# United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



**APPENDIX** 

# 74-1878

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee
-against-
THEODORE KOSS and KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION,
Defendants-Appellants
APPENDIX TO BRIEF
* * *

MORRIS WEISSBERG Attorney for Appellant 15 Park Row New York, N.Y. 10038 212 964 0492 PAUL J. CURRAN United States Attorney Attorney for Appellee U.S. Courthouse Foley Square New York, N.Y. 10007



PAGINATION AS IN ORIGINAL COPY

INDEX TO APPENDIX	TPANSC"IPT PAGE	APPENDIX PAGE
Pelevant docket entries		Al
Judgment: Theodore Koss		A3a
Colloquy: stipulation re exhibits	190	A67
Stipulation, re: Count 2 of indictment	1478	A108
Stipulation, re: Murray Taylor if called as a	witness 1480	A110
Koss: motion for acquittal	1604	A114
Koss; summation	1965	A123
Government: summation	2152	A130
Koss: motion for mistrial	2159	A1 32

# TESTIMONY

	direct		eross-examination	
	transcript	appendix	transcript	appendix
Michael Hellerman	122	A15	227	A72
Stephan Zardus	541	A87		
Murray Levine	888	A91	904	A97
Pobert Santis	1155	A99		
Walter Walsh			1534	A112

- 9.25.73 Filed Indictment: 18:371-conspiracy to violate federal security laws (Count 1); 15:77q, 77x, 78j(b), 78ff, 78o(c)(2) & 18:2-fraud in the offer and sale of securities; fraud in connection with purchase and sale (Counts 2-4); 18:1341-using the mails to defraud in a scheme to raise stock prices (Counts 5-11); 18:1001-making false statements before S.E.C. (Counts 12-13).
- 10.9.73 ALL DEFENDANTS (Attys present) Plead not guilty.
- 10.18.73 THEODORE KOSS-filed affidavit and notice of motion for bill of particulars, inspection, severance, inspection of grand jury minutes and to dismiss; filed memorandum in support of motions
- 12.13.73 Filed Govt. memorandum of law
- 1.24.74 PHEODORE KOSS. filed supplemental affidavit of Morris Weissberg in support of motion for bill of particulars, for discovery and inspection of documents and grand jury minutes, to dismiss the indictment, etc.
- 2.26.74 THEODORE KOSS. filed memo endorsed on motion dtd 10/18/73.

  Motion for bill of particulars denied in part-granted in part; motion for discovery, denied; motion to inspect exculpatory evidence, The govt shall apprise the movants of the existence of such material as soon as it is aware of it. Motion for severance will be disposed of in a separate memorandum. Motion to inspect grand jury minutes denied. So ordered. METZNER, J.
- 3.12.74 filed OPINION #40445. The motion by eleven defendants for severance is denied for reasons indicated, without prejudice to renewal if the proceedings at trial justify such action.
- 3.28.74 THEODORE KOSS. filed affidavit in support of application to appoint Morris Weissberg atty. Filed affidavit in support of application for appointment of counsel.
- filed Govt Order and affidavit for an order that Counts
  12 & 13 of the indictment be tried separately from Counts
  1 thru 11, and this Court having granted such motion by
  Order dtd 3/12/74 and the Govt having moved for reconsideration with respect to Count 13 of the indictment herein,
  and this Court have reconsidered the matter, and defts not
  having objected, it is hereby ordered that the motion for
  a trial of Count 13 of the indictment herein separate from
  counts 1 thru 11 is denied. METZNER, J.
- 4.2.74 filed Govt third supplemental bill of particulars
- 4.5.74 filed pltfs 4th supplemental bill of particulars
- 4.17.74 filed Govt affidavit for the purpose of clarifying Count
  13 of indictment for defts. Theo. Koss & Koss Securities Co.
- 4.17.74 filed Govt second supplemental bill of particulars

- 4.17.74 Jury empaneled and sworn. Trial begun as to Theodore Koss; Koss Securities Corp.; Erwin Layne; William McGee; Stephen Hagler; and severed as to Samuel Weisman and Harold Lassoff.
- 4.18.74 Trial continued, METZNER, J.
- 4.19.74 Trial continued, Juror #11 is replaced by Alt. Juror #1. METZNER, J.
- 4.22.74 Trial continued, METZNER, J.
- 4.23.74 Trial continued, Juror #5 is replaced by Alt. Juror #2. METZNER, J.
- 4.24.74 Trial continued, METZNER, J.
- 4.25.74 Trial continued, METZNER. J.
- 4.26.74 Trial continued, METZNER, J.
- 4.29.74 Trial continued, METZNER, J.
- 5.6.74 Trial continued. The court directs that alternate juror Howard Perry is excused from any further jury service. METZNER, J.
  - Govt. rests. The Govt. consents to strike the following from the means of conspiracy as to Koss and Koss Security 21(a), 21(h), 21(j) 21(L), 21(n). Defts. Koss and Koss Securities move to dismiss counts 6, 7, 9 and 10 Granted. All other motions are denied. METZNER. J.
  - 5.8.74 Trial continued.
  - 5. 7.74 Trial continued.
  - Trial continued and concluded Jury verdict 3:15 P.M.

    Deft. Koss GUILTY on counts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 11 and 13.

    All motions to be submitted on paper. Presentence report ordered. Sentence June 14, 1974. Bail continued. Jury polled Deft. Koss Securities Cor. GUILTY on counts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 and 11. All motions to be submitted on papers. Presentence report ordered. Sentence June 14, 1974. Bail continued. Jury polled.
  - 6.7.74 THEODORE KOSS & KOSS SECURITIES CORP. Filed motion for new trial and memorandum in support of motion for new trial Rule 33 R.C.P.
  - 6.14.74 MHEODORE KOSS (atty present) filed JUDGMENT. It is adjudged that the defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his authorized representative for imprisonment for a period of One (1) Year on Count 1. Imposition of sentence is suspended on the remaining counts and the defendant is placed on probation for a period of Three (3) Years to commence upon expiration of sentence on count One and subject to the standing proba-

- 6.14.74 tion order of this Court. The defendant is continued on present bail and to post new bail pending appeal.

  METZNER, J. (Copies issued).
- 6.14.74 KOSS SECURITIES CORP. (atty present), Filed JUDGMENT. It is adjudged that the defendant is fined the sum of \$1,500.00 on Count One. The fine is to be paid within Thirty (30) days from the date of this order. Imposition of sentence is suspended on the remaining counts. METZNER, J. (Copies issued).
- 6.17.74 THEODORE KOSS. Filed Govt. memo of law in opposition to motion for new trial
- 6.24.74 THEODORE KOSS % KOSS SECURITIES CORP. Filed notice of appeal from the final judgment entered on 6/14/74.
- 6.24.74 Filed Memo and Order--The application to proceed on appeal in forma pauperis is denied on the basis that the deft's financial condition does not justify such relief. So ordered. METZNER, J.

JUDGMENT: THEODOPE KOSS SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF United States of America No. Theodore Koss 73 or. 903 On this 14th day of June , 19 74 came the attorney for the government and the defendant appeared in person and by Morris Weissberg Esq. It Is ADJUDGED that the defendant upon his plea of not guilty and a verdict of guilty by a jury has been convicted of the offense of (see rider attached) in counts (1)(2)(3)(4)(5) as charged<sup>3</sup> (8)(11) and (13) and the court having asked the defendant whether he has anything to say why judgment should not be pronounced, and no sufficient cause to the contrary being shown or appearing to the Court, IT Is ADJUDGED that the defendant is guilty as charged and convicted. IT Is ADJUDGED that the defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the Attorney General his authorized representative for imprisonment for a period of One(1) Year on count One. Imposition of sentence is suspended on the remaining counts and the defendant is placed probation for a period of Three(3) Years to commence upon expiration of sentence on count One and subject to the standing probation order of this Court. The defendant is continued on present bail and to post new bail pending appeal. CHARLES THE REAL PROPERTY. IT IS ORDERED that the Clerk deliver a certified copy of this judgment and commitment to the United States Marshal or other qualified officer and that the copy serve as the commitment of the defendant. 'Insert "by [name of counsel], counsel" or without counsel; the to counsel and asked him whether he desired to have counsel appointed stated that he waived the right to the assistance of counsel." Insert there is a factual basis for the plea," (2) "not guilty, and a verdict of guilty," or (4) "nolo contendere," as the case may be. Insert "in conference or sentences, specifying counts if any; (2) whether the consecutively, when each term is to begin with referency other outstanding unserved sentence; (3) whether defendant is the fine or fine and costs, or until he is otherwise discharged as provide the fine or fine and costs, or until he is otherwise discharged as provided.

the use and instruments of transportation in interstate commerce and the mails id indirectly did employ a device, scheme and artifice to defraud. and did use and employ manipulative and deceptive devices and contrivances in contraven (Title 15, U.S.C.Sections 77q, 77x and Title 18, U.S.C., Section 2.) and did use and employ manipulative and deceptive devices and contrivances in contraver of Rule 10b-5(17 C.F.R. Section 240. 10b-5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission. (Title 15, U.S.C., Sections 78j(b), 78ff and Title 18, U.S.C., Section 2.) and did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and present did induce the sale of stock by fraudulent. in contravention of Rule 15(c) 2-4 (17 C.F.R. 240. 15(c) 2-4) of the Securities and Experience of t Commission and failed to deposit monies from underwritings in a separate bank account persons who had a beneficial interest in . and did devise a scheme to defraud purchasers and obtain monies and property from said (Title 15, U.S.C., Sections 78o(c)(2) and 78ff and purchasers by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises. (Title 18, U.S.C., Section 2.) and did make, use and submit false writing to wit, documents reflecting purchase (Fitle 18, U.S.C., Section 1341 and 2.) and did conspire, combine, confederate and agree with others to violate Title Sections 77q(a), 77(x), 78j(b) and 78ff and rule 10b-5 (17 C.F.R. 240. 10b5 and exchange act. and mitted 18 T.S.C. Section 12b4 of stock. and exchange act, and Title 18, U.S.C., Section 1341. (Title 18, U.S.C., Section 371.)

Insert "by [name of counsel], counsel" or without counsel; to counsel and asked him whether he desired to have counsel appear to the assistance of counsel. I stated that he waived the right to the assistance of counsel. I there is a factual basis for the plea," (2) "not guilty, and a verify there is a factual basis for the plea," (2) "not guilty, and a verify in the case may be. Insert of policy," or (4) "nolo contendere," as the case may be. Insert of the case may if any; (2) whether (1) sendence or sentences, specifying counts if any; (2) whether defends any other outstanding unserved sentence; (3) whether defends any other outstanding unserved sentence; (3) whether defends any other outstanding unserved sentence; (3) whether defends any other outstanding unserved sentence; (4) whether defends any other outstanding unserved sentence; (5) whether defends any other outstanding unserved sentences.

#### COUNT ONE

The Grand Jury charges:

1. From on or about the first day of November, 1970 and continuously thereafter, up to and including the date of the filing of this Indictment, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, THEODOPE KOSS, KOSS SECUTICIES COPPOPATION, STEPHEN ZAPINIS, POBERT SANTIS, HETBERT SHILMAN, STEVEN ADLMAN, POBERT KOLBERT, STANLEY SCHWAPTZ, SAMUEL WEISMAN, HAPOLD LASSOFF, MATTIN POTH, ETWIN LAYNE, IPWIN HYMAN, WILLIAM MCGEE, SMEPHEN HAGLED and DAN ANDANG, the defendants herein, and Automated Information Systems, Inc., Michael Hellerman, Murray Taylor, Murray Levine, Pobert Angona, Interstate Equity Corporation and Atlantic Securities, named herein as co-conspirators but not as defendants, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly did combine, conspire, confederate and agree together and with each other and with other persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury to commit certain offenses against the United States of America, to wit, violations of Title 15, United States Gode, Sections 77q(a), 77(x), 78j(b) and 78ff and rule 10b-5 (17 C.F.P. 240.10b-5) of the rules and regulations promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"); and Title 18 United States Gode, Section 1341.

## OBJECTS OF THE CONSPIPACY

18. It was part of said conspiracy that the defendants and co-conspirators unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly, in the offer to sell and sale of securities, to wit, the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc., by the use of means and instruments of transportation and communication in interstate commerce and by use of the mails, would directly and indirectly, (a) employ devices,

schemes and artifices to defraud; (b) obtain money and property by means of untrue statements of material facts and omissions to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (c) engage in transactions, practices and courses of business which operated and would operate as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the aforementioned securities and upon any and all persons to whom the said defendants and co-conspirators, directly and indirectly, would attempt to sell the aforementioned securities.

- 19. It was further part of said conspiracy that the defendants and co-conspirators, in connection with the purchase and sale of securities, to wit, the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc., would and did, directly and indirectly, use means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce and the mails to use and employ manipulative and deceptive devices and contrivances in contravention of Rule 10b-5 (17 C.F.R. 240.10b-5) of the rules and regulations promulgated by the Commission.
- 20. It was further part of said conspiracy that the defendants and co-consoirators, having devised and intending to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and attempting so to do, would place and cause to be placed in post offices and authorized depositories for mail matter, and would cause to be delivered by mail according to the direction thereon, certain matter to be sent and delivered by the Post Office Department.

#### MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

- 21. Among the means by which the defendants and co-conspirators would and did carry on such conspiracy were the following:
- (c) In or about January and February, 1971, defendants STEPHEN ZARDUS, ROBERT SANTIS and THEODORE KOSS agreed that co-conspirators

Murray Taylor and Michael Hellerman would supply defendant STEPHEN ZARDUS with the names of subscribers and the monies to purchase 50,000 shares, of common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc.

- (d) Defendant ROBERT SANTIS and co-conspirator Michael Hellerman agreed that defendant ROBERT SANTIS would pay to co-conspirator Michael Hellerman approximately one half of the proceeds of the underwriting.
- (e) In or about February, 1971 and March, 1971, defendants MARTIN ROTH and ERWIN LAYNE and co-conspirators Michael Hellerman and Murray Taylor and others signed stock powers for several certificates issued in the names of subscribers supplied to defendant STEPHEN ZARDUS by co-conspirator Michael Hellerman.
- (f) In or about March and April, 1971, defendants THEODORE KOSS, KOSS SECURITIES COPPORATION, and HERBERT SHULMAN, and others traded the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc. in the over-the-counter market, while defendant STEPHEN ZARDUS, and co-conspirators Michael Hellerman and Murray Taylor and Inter-State Equity Corporation were selling common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc. through co-conspirator Interstate Equity Corporation.
- (g) In or about March and April, 1971, defendants THEODORE KOSS and KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION purchased shares of the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc. from their customers and placed the shares in the firm account; said shares were purchased from these customers below the prevailing market price.
- (1) In or about April, 1971, defendants HERBERT SHULMAN, STEVEN ADLMAN and ROBERT KOLBERT met and agreed with co-conspirator Michael Hellerman that defendants HERBERT SHULMAN, STEVEN ADLMAN and ROBERT

KOLBERT would trade and recommend to brokers and investors that they purchase the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc.; defendants HERBERT SHULMAN, STEVEN ADLMAN and ROBERT KOLBERT received cash payments.

- (k) In or about April, May and June, 1971, defendants MARTIN ROTH and ERWIN LAYNE, and others endorsed checks drawn against the account of co-conspirator Interstate Equity Corporation in the names of persons unknown to them; said checks were then delivered to co-conspirator Michael Hellerman who cashed said checks.
- (m) In or about June, 1971, defendants WILLIAM McGEE and STEPHEN HAGLER received cash payments for recommending and influencing others to purchase the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc.
- 22. As a result of the manipulative and deceptive devices enumerated in paragraph 21 hereinabove, the over-the-counter market price of the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc. rose from \$1.00 per share to approximately \$5.50 per share.
- 23. As a result of the manipulative and deceptive devices enumerated in paragraph 21 hereinabove, investors in the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc. incurred financial loss.

#### OVERT ACTS

- 24. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, the defendants committed the following overt acts, among others, in the Southern District of New York:
- (a) In or about January, 1971, ROBERT SANTIS and STEPHEN ZARDUS entered the Plaza Hotel, New York, New York.
  - (b) On or about February 22, 1971, STEPHEN ZARDUS entered the

Pier 52 restaurant in New York, New York;

- (c) On or about March 1, 1971, defendant ROBERT SANTIS delivered two cashiers checks payable to "Louis Greenblatt";
- (d) On or about April 7, 1971, defendant STEPHEN ZARDUS and co-conspirator Interstate Equity Corporation purchased approximately 1100 shares of the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc. from defendants THEODORE KOSS and KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION for the account of "Sidonie Horner".
- (1) On or about May 25, 1971, defendant STEVEN ADLMAN sold 2000 shares of the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc.;
- (j) On or about June 4, 1971, defendant ROBERT KOLBERT purchased 400 shares of the common stock of co-conspirator Automated Information Systems, Inc. for the account of "K. Chapin";
- (k) On or about June 6, 1971, defendant WILLIAM McGEE received cash;
- (1) On or about June 6, 1971, defendant STEPHEN HAGLER received cash;
- (o) On or about June 18, 1971, defendant ERWIN LAYNE had a conversation.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 371).

#### COUNT TWO The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. From on or about the first day of November, 1970, up to and including the date of the filing of this Indictment, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants. THEODORE KOSS. KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION, STEPHEN ZARDUS, ROBERT SANTIS and STANLEY SCHWARTZ and others, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly, in the offer and sale of securities, to wit, the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc. by the use of the means and instruments of transportation and communication in interstate commerce and by use of the mails, directly and indirectly, (a) did employ a device, scheme and artifice to defraud; (b) did obtain money and property by means of untrue statements of material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (c) did engage in transactions, practices and courses of business which would and did operate as a fraud and deceit upon purchasers of said securities and other persons whom the said defendants, directly and indirectly attempted to induce to purchase said securities.
- 2. The allegations contained in paragraph 21 of Count One of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as though fully set forth herein as constituting and describing the means by which the defendants committed the offense charged in paragraph 1 of this count.
- 3. On or about the dates hereinafter set forth in Count Two, in the Southern District of New York, the defendants, THEODORE KOSS, KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION, STEPHEN ZAROUS ROBERT SANTIS and STANLEY SCHWARTZ, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly did use and cause to be used the means and instruments of transportation and communication in interstate commerce and the mails pursuant to and in furtherance of the scheme alleged in paragraph one of this count as hereinafter set forth:

DATE (a)	ADDRESSEE	MATTER
March 2, 1971 (b)	Interstate Equity Corp. 如 Grove St. NewYork, New York	Check for the purchase of 2000 shares of the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc.
May 21, 1971	Atlantic Securities  H Beaver St.  New York, New York	check for the purchase of 1000 shares of the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc.
United States	ed States Code, Sections Code, Section 2).	77q and 77x; and Title 18,

COUNT THREE The Grand Jury further charges:

United States Code, Section 2).

- 1. From on or about the first day of November, 1970, up to and including the date of the filing of this Indictment, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants THEODORE KOSS, KOSS SECUPITIES CORPORATION, STEPHEN ZARDUS, ROBERT SANTIS, HERBERT SHULMAN, STEVEN ADLMAN, ROBERT KOLBERT, STANLEY SCHWARTZ, SAMUEL WEISMAN, HAROLD LASSOFF, MARTIN ROTH, ERWIN LAYNE, IRWIN HYMAN, WILLIAM MCGEE, STEPHEN HAGLER and DAN ANFANG, and others, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly did, directly and indirectly, by use of means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce and the mails, use and employ in connection with the purchase and sale of securities, to wit, the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc., manipulative and deceptive devices and contrivances in contravention of Rule 10b-5 (17 C.F.R. Section 240.10b-5) of the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 2. The allegations contained in paragraph 21 of Count One of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as though fully set forth herein, as constituting and describing the means by which the defendants committed the offense charged in paragraph 1 of this count.
- 3. On or about the dates hereinafter set forth in Count Three, in the Southern District of New York, said defendants unlawfully,

wilfully and knowingly did use and cause to be used means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce and the mails pursuant to and in furtherance of the scheme alleged in paragraph 1 of this count, by causing orders to purchase the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc., to be sent through the mails to the persons hereinafter set forth the matter hereinafter set forth:

DATE	ADDRESSEE	MATTER
(a) March 18, 1971	J. Lepson	Confirmation of purchase of 500 shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc. common stock.
(b) May 3, 1971 (c)	Bernard Weber	Confirmation of purchase of 500 shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc. common stock
June 7, 1971	M. Falteich	Confirmation of purchase of 1000 shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc. common stock.
(Title 15, Unite United States C	d States Code, S	ections 781(b) and 78ff: Title 18

## COUNT FOUR The Grand jury further charges;

- 1. From on or about the first day of November, 1970, up to and including the date of the filing of this Indictment, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants, THEODORE KOSS, KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION and STEPHEN ZARDUS, and others, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly did, directly and indirectly, by use of means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce and the mails effect transactions in, and induce and attempted to induce the purchase and sale of the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc., in connection with fraudulent, deceptive and manipulative acts and practices in contravention of Rule 15(c) 2-4 (17 C.F.R. 240.15(c) 2-4) of the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
  - 2. The allegation contained in paragraph 21 of Count One of this

INDICTMENT

Indictment are repeated and realleged as though fully set forth herein, as constituting and describing the means by which the defendants committed the offense charged in paragraph 1 of this count.

3. The defendants, while participating in the distribution of securities, to wit, the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc., on an "all-or-none" basis underwriting did unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly fail to promptly deposit the monies received from the underwriting in a separate bank account, as agent and trustee for the persons who had the beneficial interests in said monies and did fail to promptly transmit to a bank which had agreed in writing to hold all such funds in escrow for the persons who had the beneficial interests therein all such monies received from the underwriting.

(Titlt 15, United States Code, Sections 78o(c)(2) and 78ff; Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.)

# COUNTS FIVE THROUGH ELEVEN. The Grand Jury further charges

1. From on or about the first day of November, 1970, up to and including the date of the filing of this Indictment, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants, THEODORE KOSS, KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION, STEPHEN ZARDUS, ROBERT SANTIS, HERBERT SHULMAN, STEVEN ADLMAN, ROBERT KOLBERT, STANLEY SCHWARTZ, SAMUEL WEISMAN, HAROLD LASSOFW, MARTIN ROTH, ERWIN LAYNE, IRWIN HYMEN, WILLIAM MCGEE, STEPHEN HAGLER, and DAN ANFANG, and others, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly did devise and intend to devise a scheme to defraud purchasers of the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc., and to obtain money and property from saidpersons by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, and for the purpose of executing said scheme and artifice to defraud and attempting so to do, did place and cause to be placed

in post offices and authorized depositories for mail matter and did cause to be delivered by mail, according to the directions thereon, certain matter to be sent and delivered by the Post Office Department, as more particularly set forth below.

The allegations contained in paragraph 21 of Count 1 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as though fully set forth herein as constituting and describing the means by which the defendants committed the offense charged in Paragraph One of these counts.

3. On or about the dates hereinafter set forth in Counts five through Eleven in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, said defendants unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly did cause to be placed in post offices and authorized depositories for mail, and did cause to be delivered by mail by the Post Office Department according to the directions thereon, to the persons hereinafter set forth, the matter hereinafter set forth.

COUNT	DATE	ADDRESSEE	MATTER
5 A	Apr <b>i</b> l 21, 1971	Jackie Mason	Conformation of purchase of 600 shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc. common stock
8 J	June 4, 1971	K. Chapin	Confirmation of purchase of 400 shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc. common stock
11 ј	June 11, 1971	H, Zankel	Confirmation of purchase of 200 shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc. common stock.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341 and 2.)

# COUNT THIRTEEN The Grand Jury further charges:

1. On or about June 15, 1971, in the Southern District of New York, the defendant THEODORE KOSS, in a matter within the jurisdiction of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, did unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly make and use and submit false

writings and documents to said United States Securities and Exchange Commission knowing the same to contain false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and entries, to wit, documents reflecting purchases and sales of the common stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc., by and through the brokerage firm of KOSS SECURITIES CORPORATION.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.)

FOREMAN

PAUL J. CURRAN United States Attorney

3

1

made or reached an understanding with representatives of the United States Attorney's office as to how many crimes you should plead guilty to?

4 5

A Yes, sir.

6

What was that first understanding? 0

7 8

That I would plead guilty to one count in the A stock fraud of the Imperial Investment Corporation and I wouldn't be required to testify for the Government, and I stock frauds, that I had done up to that point.

9 10

wouldn't be prosecuted for the stock frauds, the additional

11

12

Mr. Hellerman, did there come a time when you committed the crimes in a stock called Automated Information Systems, Inc.?

13 14

> A Yes, sir.

15

16

And that was after you made this understanding O with the Government, is that correct?

17 18

Yes it is, sir.

19

And as a result of your committing crimes in Automated Information Systems, Inc., did you reach a new

20 21

understanding with the Government?

22 23

Information Systems and other crimes after Automated Information Systems my attorneys negotiated a new understanding

Because of the crimes I committed in Automated

24

25

with the Government for me.

5

2

3

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

What was that new understanding?

Instead of my exposure to jail being a maximum of two years I had to plead to two different, two additional indictments, and --

Excuse me, Mr. Hellerman. Were those two the At Your Service Leasing case and the Belmont Franchise?

A Yes, they were, sir. And by pleading to those two additional cases when I was sentenced by Judge Lasker my exposure to jail was now six years instead of two years, which was my first understanding, and on top of that I now had to testify for the Government where in the first case I didn't have to testify. In the first understanding with the Government I didn't have to testify.

> SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. CO 7-4580

T3

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

O So, in other words, Mr. Hellerman, as a result of your committing crimes in connection with the stock of Automated Information Systems, Inc. and other crimes, the government required you to plead guilty to two additional indictments and also testify truthfully in all cases that the government required you to testify; is that correct?

MR. PANZER: Is Mr. Sorkin testifying or Mr. Hellerman testifying?

THE COURT: The witness is perfectly competent to testify, Mr. Sorkin. You just ask questions.

MR. SORKIN: Very well, your Honor.

O Mr. Hellerman, do you know a man by the name of Murray Levine, L-e-v-i-n-e?

Yes, sir; I know two Murray Levines. I know Murray Levine, who is a union representative, and I know Murray Levine, a stock broker that worked for Mr. Koss.

O Do you see Mr. Koss in the courtroom today?

A Yes, I do.

O Will you please identify him for the Court and the jury?

A The second gentleman on the left with the maroon tie.

MR. SORKIN: May the record reflect the identification of the defendant Koss?

	125
1	Op2 Hellerman-direct
2	THE COURT: Mr. Weissberg?
3	MR. WEISSBERG: Yes, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Correct identification.
5	O Mr. Hellerman, let me direct your attention to
6	approximately late December of 1970. Did you have a meet-
7	ing with Mr. Levine?
8	A Yes, I did, sir.
9	O Where was this meeting held?
10	A At the New Gatsby's Restaurant in New York City.
11	O Was anyone else present?
12	A Yes, sir.
13	O Tho else?
14	A Murray Taylor and myself, sir.
15	O Did you have a conversation with Mr. Levine?
· 16	Yes, I did, sir.
17	Tell the Court and jury, please, what you said
18	to Mr. Levine, what Mr. Taylor said to you and what you said
19	to both those gentlemen? The entire conversation.
20	MR. MITCHELL: Your Honor, I will make the first
21 ·	objection so that it may be taken subject to connection.
22	THE COURT: Denied.
23	O Please tell us the conversation, Mr. Hellerman.
24	A Mr. Taylor said that he had arranged this meeting
25	between 'r. Murray Levine, the stock broker, and myself to

. 16

put together a deal, being to sell an underwriting, that
Koss Securities and Teddy Koss were trying to underwrite.

And I said to Mr. Levine that I would do the underwriting in Automated Information Systems and I would buy the whole 65,000 shares of stock at \$1 a share, which was the offering price that it was being sold to the public for, and Mr. Levine said that Mr. Koss had already sold approximately 15,000 shares of stock, he didn't know the specific amount, but around 15,000 shares, and he would have to speak to Mr. Koss to find out if we could finalize the deal.

He wojld also have to speak to Mr. Santis, Mr. Robert Santis, who was the president of the company, Automated Information Systems.

Mr. Levine --

THE COURT: When is this, December of 1970?
THE WITNESS: December of 1970, yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

A (Continuing) I explained to Mr. Levine that the only way I would do the underwriting or sell the 65,000 shares of stock was if I could sell all the stock.

O Excuse me, Mr. Hellerman, could vou tell us at this point what does "box" mean in Wall Street terminology?

What did you mean by "box"?

A When you have X amount of shares of stock, in Automated Information it was 65,000 shares, in order to control the box you have to have every single share of stock. When you have every single share of stock you could make the market whatever price you want to make it because no one else has any stock to buy or sell.

So, if somebody would sell any stock into the market, you would know they were selling stock short and didn't have it to deliver to you so you would be able to stand there and buy it and you could make the price \$1.10 or 20 cents because you owned every share of stock.

I also told Mr. Levine that in order to place this stock or do the underwriting for Automated Information or for Moss Securities that I want half the proceeds of the offering. In other words, if I was 65,000 shares of stock, then I want half the money, \$32,500 in cash back to myself as my fee for underwriting the stock.

I told Mr. Levine that I would, naturally, give Mr. Santis a discount for the commission of any other broker if they were involved; that I wanted to know if Mr. Koss would give up his stock that he sold and, if he didn't give up the stock that he sold, that I wouldn't do the deal.

business and they realized that I was the only one that would be able to sell the stock for them and that Mr. Santis had agreed with him, although he wanted to meet me, had agreed with Mr. Levine that I could do the deal.

And I said, fine, on the same conditions and terms that I had set down before; that I have complete control over the 65,000 shares and that I get half the proceeds.

- O Mr. Hellerman, excuse me, did the name Stephen Zardus come up in conversation?
  - A Yes, sir.
- Could you tell us, please, in what connection and who mentioned his name?

A Mr. Murray Levine took out an offering circular, and I had seen an offering circular at the first meeting with just Mr. Koss's name or Koss securities as the underwriter. An offering circular is like a prospectus which tells the public what the stock is all about and how the use of the proceeds are going to be used from the money that is going to be raised and on the front cover of that offering circular, which goes to the Securities and Exchange fo; approval, is the name of the underwriter.

At the first meeting the name of the underwriter was Koss Securities, Teddy Koss's firm.

Now, at the second meeting Mr. Levine took out an offering circular and showed me a flyer attached to the offering circular and that flyer substituted Koss Securities as underwriter with the Interstate Equities Corporation, which was Stephen Zardus's firm, and Mr. Levine told me that the reason he substituted Interstate Equities was because with Mr. Zardus he was sure that any deal we worked out would be kept and as far as Mr. Koss was concerned, he couldn't sell any more stock, he had sold 15,000 shares of stock. Mr. Koss agreed with Mr. Levine that he would do whatever Mr. Levine asked him to do to benefit the deal.

He would hold the stock and he wouldn't sell the stock into the market or back-door the stock or anything like that.

O Mr. Hellerman, did that flyer say that Koss, to your recollection, was substituted or that Interstate was included as the underwriter?

A That Interstate was included as the underuriter.

Mr. Hellerman, let me show you what has previously been marked as Defendants' Exhibit A. Is that a copy of what you saw at the New Gatsby's Restaurant to the best of your recollection?

Z

A Well, the first time I saw this offering circular without this flyer. The offering circular was just Koss Securities as I explained before.

At the second meeting in Gatsby's it was the same offering circular with the flyer of Interstate Equities.

IP. SORKIN: May I have that back, please.

O Mr. Hellerman, after this meeting with Mr. Levine, what, if anything, did you do?

turned to Mr. Taylor and I said, "Murray," that was his name, too, Murray Maylor, I said, "Do you understand that Mr.

Levine has just told me that the 15,000 shares of stock that Teddy Koss has possession of, that he will not sell into the market and he has made an agreement to sell me back 15,000 shares at \$1.50 within a 60 or 90-day period so I will have complete control of the 65,000 shares of stock; that I am going to sell 50,000 less whatever small amount Interstate Equities is going to sell," which was about 4000 shares, 4500 shares, "and I will have control of Mr. Koss's stock by giving him a 50 per cent profit or paying him \$1.50 for the \$1 stock that was coming out in the offering within a short period of time so I will have control of the whole 65,000 shares of stock."

· 16

Mr. Levine agreed that he would guarantee that, and I told Mr. Levine that he was going to get a percentage of the profit that Mr. Taylor and Mr. Layne and myself were going to make on the deal, and I said, "Murray," me talking to Murray Levine now, I said, "Murray, I realize you don't have the money to make good if I take the stock from \$1 to \$5 and Mr. Koss sells 10 or 15 thousand shares into the market, I realize you don't have \$75,000 to make good your guarantee of the \$15,000 shares, so I am going to take off your percentage of the deal the profit you are supposed to make any stock that Mr. Moss sells into the market," and Mr. Levine agreed to that.

When Mr. Levine agreed to that, we started to seil the stock.

O Mr. Hellerman, you say you began to sell the stock. Now did you sell the stock?

A Well, because of my first agreement with the government, I introduced customers that were going to buy the stock to Murray Taylor and I tried to blame the deal — I tried to make believe it was Murray Taylor's deal, not mine, so if anything happened with the deal I wouldn't get blamed for it and if I got Murray Levine, from the union, the union man, to come up to the Carriage House in New

House to buy some stock, I introduced him to Mr. Taylor and I had Mr. Taylor sell him the stock and his friends the stock.

- O Excuse me, Mr. Hellerman. You mean by sell the stock, offer the stock to him for a price?
- A price, and make private deals with him as far as the way we were going to sell the stock was, and an example, Mr. Murray Levine from the union came to see Mr. Taylor, I had been sitting in a room and I would say, "If you buy a thousand shares of stock at a dollar, we will guarantee your thousand dollars, that you can't lose your thousand dollars, but we want 50 per cent of the profits of the stock when it is sold at 5 or 8 or 10 and with many of the legitimate people that were put into the offering, "that is the kind of relationship or that is the hind of deal we made with them.
- O How, of the 50,000 shares, Mr. Hellerman, that Interstate Fauities had, do you know all the subscribers who purchased that stock?
  - A No, sir.
- Approximately how many people in terms of shares that they bought, using the shares, how many shares went to people that you knew of that 50,000?
  - Around 17,000 shares.

opll

Hellerman-direct

- Now, let me rephrase the question. People that you knew that hought the stock of the 50,000, how many shares went to those people?
  - A About 17,000 shares.
- Now, Mr. Hellerman, with respect to people that you didn't know, did they get any shares?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - o How many shares did they get?
- About 28,000 shares plus the 4500 shares that Mr. Zardus, the president of Interstate Equities, sold, who I didn't know his people either.
- O How, you say you didn't know those other people.
  Where did those names come from, Mr. Hellerman?
  - A From the Telephone Book.
  - O Could you tell us, please, how that came about?
- Well, we had -- my commitment was to buy or sell whatever stock was left over of the 65,000 shares. Mr. Koss had sold 15,000 shares. Mr. Zardus had sold approximately 4500 shares, 46, 44, I don't remember the exact figure, so taking 4500 as the figure from 50,000 left about 45,500 shares.

When we sold to legitimate people approximately 17,000 shares, 17,500 shares, that left a balance of 28,000 shares that weren't due yet. So, Mr. Taylor and Mr. Layne

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

and myself made up -- remembering that we were getting 50 per cent of the proceeds back or \$32,500 or \$31,000 after 'Ir. Koss's commission, we figured we would buy the 28,000 -- I would advance the money, we would buy the 28,000 shares that weren't sold to legicimate people and we would get back \$31,000 when the offering was complete, we would have a few thousand dollars profit and own the 28,000 shares ourselves, but we had to find names to put the 28,000 shares in. So I told Mr. Taylor to go to a Telephone Book and just take the names out and the addresses out and that is the list that I gave to Mr. Zardus to sell that 28,000 shares to.

- Now, Mr. Hellerman, do you recall the names of the people that you took or Mr. Taylor took out of the Telephone Book?
  - A I night remember some of them, sir.
  - O Tell us who you remember.
- A Floyd Cooper, I think there was a Teitelbaum.
  I just don't remember the rest of them.
  - You don't remember any other names?
  - A No.
  - 0 Mr. Hellerman --
- MR. SORKIN: May we have this marked, your Monor, as Government's Exhibit No. 4-A for identification.

- Now, Mr. Hellerman, did there come a time when you met Mr. Santis?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - 9 Would you tell us when that was, please?

A It was -- it was -- well, it was sometime between when I got back from the cruise, after I made a deal with 'Ir. Levine, from the 15th of February to the 18th of February, some date in there.

- O Where did you meet him?
- A At Peacock Alley in the Waldorf-Astoria.
- O Who else was present?
- A Mr. Murray Taylor, Mr. Murray Levine, I believe.
- O Mr. Hellerman, did you have a conversation with these gentlemen?
  - A Yes, sir.
- O Will you tell us, please, what each of the parties said and identify them, please, as to who said what?

and at the meeting Was arranged by Mr. Levine so I could meet Mr. Santis, who was the president of the company, and at the meeting Mr. Santis said to me that he thought the price I wanted, meaning half the proceeds of the offering for myself for selling the stock, was a little steep, meaning he thought it was too much money I was charging him.

I said, "Well, that's the only way I would do the deal or I would sell the stock if I got half the money."

I promised Mr. Santis that in the future if his company got off the ground that I would raise him additional money and I said I was concerned, very much concerned with Teddy Koss having 15,000 shares; that if Teddy Koss didn't live up to his agreement and sell me the 15,000 shares at \$1.50 that I wouldn't have the box in the stock and I wouldn't be able to sell them or wouldn't be able to raise additional funds at a later date.

Mr. Santis said I shouldn'tworry about Mr. Koss; that although I had never met Mr. Koss at this point, he had given his word to Murray Levine, the stock broker, and Mr. Santis said he would make sure that Mr. Koss lived up to his word of selling me the 15,000 shares at \$1.50.

- O Now, you mentioned Mr. Layne earlier, Mr., Hellerman.
  - A Yes, sir.
  - O Do you see him in the courtroom today?
  - A Yes, I do, sir.

THE COURT: Identification?

MP. PANZER: Mr. Layne stood up, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

O Did you know Mr. Layne at the time?

## Hellerman-direct

0	

A Yes, sir.

O Didyou tell him at or about this time about the Automated deal?

A Yes, sir. Mr. Layne -- well, we had made a deal, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Layne and myself, where we would all be partners in this deal and in my conversations with Erwin --

O ilr. Layne.

A Yes, sir, I am sorry. When I had our conversations I was going to give Murray Taylor, after paying off Murray Levine, the stock broker, for the work he was going to do, and after paying off Stephen Zardus for the work he was going to do and paying off the traders and the stock, Mr. Layne was going to get 25 per cent of the deal, Mr. Taylor was going to get 25 per cent of the deal, and I was going to get 50 per cent of the deal.

Mr. Hellerman, you have identified Mr. Koss and Mr. Layne. Do you know William McGee?

- A No, sir.
- Do you know a man by the name of Stephen Hagler?
- A No, sir.
- Q Had you ever met Mr. McGee or Mr. Hagler?
- A No, sir.
- O Now, 'Ir. Hellerman, let me direct your attention to the period of time that you referred to, approximately

23

24

25

was there?

of the company, at attorney, Mr. Pierson, a man by the name

A Mr. Santis, that is Robert Santis, the president

meeting, Mr. Hellerman. Could you tell us, please, who

op19 Hellerman-direct

of Robert Angona, Murray Taylor, Stephen Zardus, that is the president of Interstate Equities, and myself.

- O Did vou have a conversation with these gentlemen?
  - A Yes, sir.
- O Could you tell us, please, Mr. Hellerman, what you said and what each of these other gentlemen said and to whom?

A Mr. Santis wanted to know from Mr. Zardus how soon we could close the deal because he needed the money or whatever portion of the money he was going to get.

Mr. Zardus said as soon as I gave him the names and get the rest of the checks or the money for the stock.

I told Mr. Santis it would be a very short time, a couple of days and I would have everything together, the lists and the money and the names to close the deal, and Mr. Santis asked Mr. Pierson, or you can use the word instruct Mr. Pierson --

- O Who was Mr. Pierson?
- IIr. Santis's attorney, would be have everything ready to close the deal, and again I said I will have my end done, you know, in two or three days, but what's going to happen with Koss, and again Mr. Santis assured me and Mr. Pierson assured he not to worry about it, that the stock

that Mr. Koss had sold had to be in an escrow account under the terms of the underwriting.

When you do an underwriting all the money that is raised from potential customers has to go into an escrow account so it can't be mingled or it can't be used by the underwriter for any other purpose except the underwriting and if the stock wouldn't be sold and you had to give back the money to the people, it would be there to give back to the people, and he savs, "I'm assuming," this is Mr.

Pierson talking now, "that Mr. Koss is not stupid enough to mingle or use underwriting money in his regular business, so don't worry about it, Bob Santis and I will get the \$15,000 from Mr. Koss less his commission."

Now, Mr. Hellerman, let me direct your attention

2

1

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: Pardon me, what I don't understand here is if Mr. Koss had sold the stock and received the \$15,000 and put it in the escrow account, how was he going

to deliver the 15,000 shares to you?

THE WITNESS: Your Honor, you see, the \$15,000 that Mr. Koss had raised he had sold the stock but the deal was -- of course it was a crooked deal, but he had control of his customers and he could take his customers out of the stock at any time he wanted, so he would take them out at --

THE COURT: Are you saying now the stock Mr. Koss sold you, call it Koss' 15,000 shares of stock was stock that he had already had his customers by in their name and he could just as easily get them to sell it as he got them to buy it.

THE WITNESS: Correct, sir.

THE COURT: All right, go ahead.

THE WITNESS: That is the understanding I had.

THE COURT: We will take a recess.

(Recess.)

(In open court.)

(Jury present.)

O Mr. Hellerman, was it your understanding that Mr.

vou?

A

Koss could recommend the sale to his customers and they

3

2

4 5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

Q We left off, Mr. Hellerman, where I asked you about a meeting at the Peacock Alley at the Waldorf-Astoria after the Pier 52 meeting. Could you tell us who was there?

would sell back to him and then he would return the stock to

A Mr. Steve Zardus, Mr. Robert Santis, Murray Taylor, Morris Winter, who was my attorney at the time, and myself.

- Ω Did you have a conversation there?
- A Yes, sir.

Yes, sir.

Q Would you please tell us what you said and what each of these gentlemen said, and to whom?

A I made a -- I was talking to Mr. Zardus now, who was president of Interstate Equities, the firm that was the substitute underwriter with Koss on the offering, and I had an envelope full of cash with about \$22,000 in it in cash, and I took the names that Mr. Taylor had taken out of the phone book, plus the nominee names that I had used, my uncle and people that I knew --

Let me stop you at this point.

Tell the jury and Court, please, what you mean by a nominee name as opposed to a telephone book name.

A I just used my uncle's name and put \$1,000 of \*\*\*\*

now to approximately February 26th, the time of this meeting, approximately March 9th and 10th, 1971. Did you have any conversations with Mr. Santis during that period of time?

A Yes, sir.

 $\Omega$  Will you tell us please where these conversations were held?

A At the Park Sheraton Hotel, New York, where Mr. Santis had a room which he had taken when he came into New York for the closing to receive his money from Interstate Equities.

Mr. Hellerman, could you tell us please approximately how many times you met with Mr. Santis and had conversations with him?

A Two different specific times at the Park Sheraton Motel, sir.

Q With respect to the first time, would you tell us who else was present, please?

A Murray Taylor.

Q Would you tell us please what you said to Mr. Sancis, Mr. Taylor, and what if anything they said to you?

A Mr. Santis wanted to know how he would get the thirty one thousand some odd dollars out of his company to pay me my half the fee for the underwriting. I was supposed to

get half the 65,000 less the commission that Mr. Koss would earn on the sale of his 15,000 shares less the commission that Mr. Zardus would earn on the approximately 4,500 shares that Interstate had sold, and the figure came to about \$31,000, and he wanted to know how he would take it out of his company, because when you file an offering circular there is a use of proceeds you have to declare to the Securities and Exchange Commission telling them how you are going to use the funds that are raised.

I explained to Mr. Santis that a lot of money was going into working capital, and I would give him a phony name and he could put it in his books that he was buying a patent, or an option to buy a patent, for X dollars, and then he could either capitalize it or expense it if the deal didn't go through, and he would treat it as if he was asked as the right to buy a patent.

I told him I would give him the name to do that.

- O Did you at some point in time give him a name which to draw the checks or the monies against?
  - A Yes, I did.
  - Ω What was the name?
  - A Elias Greenblatt.
  - Q Did you have any further conversation with Mr.

1

Santis in this first meeting?

3

A Yes, sir.

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

I asked Mr. Santis, since he saw me at the previous

meeting at the Waldorf give all this cash to Mr. Zardus,

I said to him that in order for me to promote the stock that

I was going to be short some money and how much money did

he need, did he need all his 31 or \$32,000 that he was going to get immediately?

He said no, he did not need all. Then I said would he led me an additional \$10,000 besides the \$31,000 he was going to give me so I would have money to start paying off brokers and start doing it -- raising the price of the stock, so we can get the stock to a level of a secondary or get a loan or additional capital for his business, and Mr. Santis said that he would.

Also at that meeting when we were waiting for everything to close. Mr. Zardus was getting everything ready to close, we got a phone call.

Q Let me stop you at this point. You said everything was getting ready to close. What do you mean by getting ready to close?

What was getting read to close?

A Mr. Zardus was trying to get the \$15,000 less the commission from Mr. Koss, and then give the total

check of \$65,000 less the commission to Mr. Santis, or have Mr. Koss give his check for \$15,000 less the commission to the company, and Mr. Santis and Mr. Zardus would give his check of \$50,000 less the commission that was only offering circular to the company to close the deal. That means that all the stock would have been sold and the SEC would have been notified that the stock was sold, and the offering would have been completed, and the stock would now have a public market and now start trading.

In other words, are you saying by close the deal, in other words, the underwriting is finished and all the stock has been sold?

A That is correct.

Q Was there any further conversation at that first meeting with Mr. Santis?

A Yes, sir. While we were in the Park Sheraton, in Mr. Santis' room, we got a phone call from Mr. Zardus, and Mr. Zardus told Mr. Santis that Mr. Koss wasn't going to give him the \$15,000 and wasn't going to close the deal.

Mr. Santis got very angry and he picked up the phone and he called Mr. Koss at his office, and --

- Q How do you know he was calling Mr. Koss?
- A Mr. Santis told me he was calling Mr. Koss.
- Q Go ahead.

A And Mr. Santis not being in the stock market and not having very much knowledge in the stock market was arguing with Mr. Koss and I asked Mr. Santis to give me the phone and I picked up the phone, Mr. Koss didn't know who he was talking to, I didn't use my right name, and I said,"I tell you you better stop fooling around. You are breaking up a deal and you are starting to be greedy, and why are you not giving the \$15,000 to Zardus, or however you want to handle it, why are you stalling to close the deal."

I told Mr. Santis, even before he had given me
the phone to speak to Mr. Koss, that -- I said the reason
that Koss is not giving you the \$15,000 is because he
doesn't have it, he mingled that escrow, what is supposed
to be escrow funds with his regular funds to run the
business, because a lot of over-the-counter dealers when they
run short do that. Otherwise when he is making a 10
per cent commission on a 15,000 shares he would want to close
the deal to take the \$15,000 out of the escrow account into
his own business.

Mr. Santis looked at me and said he better not have done that.

Q What did Mr. Koss say to you on the telephone?

A I was angry and talked loud to him, in fact screamed at him and he screamed back and I told him if he

5

9

didn't give the \$1,000 back I'm going to break his legs.

He said back, I don't care how I am going to break your leg, I am just not doing it.

Mr. Santis got back on the phone and said Teddy, forgetting how you just spoke to me, you know I am very capable, me aning because Teddy knew that Mr. Santis was a judo expert, a karate expert, he said don't mess up my company and don't mess up my deal. You owe \$5,000, you sold the stock, and I want to get paid for that stock.

Then Teddy Koss calmed down and he said to me when I got back on the phone that he was going to go to his lawyer, he was waiting for a transmittal letter, which I don't know what it was at the time, and he said that he would go to his lawyer and get everything straightened out, and that was the end of the conversation.

- Q You mentioned the name Louis Greenblatt?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q As being a fictitious name that you made up?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q You gave that name to Mr. Santis, is that correct?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Did you get paid any monies by Mr. Santis, and how was that arranged?
  - A At the next meeting, which was the next day,

or the day after, Mr. Koss called the Park Sheraton, and he was at his lawyer's office when he called, and he said, he spoke to Mr. Santis, and he spoke to me, again still not knowing who I was, and he said, "I am getting everything ready to close, and I'll straighten it all out with Mr. Santis."

I don't know even now if Mr. Koss gave the \$15,000 directly to Mr. Santis or he gave it to Mr. Zardus to give to Mr. Santis in the closing, but Mr. Santis wrote two checks made out to Louis Greenblatt, which was a fictitious name I gave him, and told him that he could charge it off to buying a patent or a patent option, one for \$10,000, and one for \$11,000.

- Q Drawn against what account, Mr. Hellerman?
- A Automated Information account.
- Ω What did he do with those checks?

A I gave them to Mr. Murray Taylor, and I told
Mr. Taylor to go to Boston with Mr. Santis and either get
the checks certified or get cashier's checks for them
because when he came back to New York with them I wanted
to bring them to a check casher, wanted Mr. Taylor to
bring them to a check casher to get them cashed.

That's the reason we only took \$21,000 on the first two checks because Mr. Zardus -- Mr. Santis said that

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25 he would like to leave a little balance in the account of his bank so his bank will issue cashier's checks or certify the checks when he takes Mr. Taylor up to Boston.

Q To your knowledge, Mr. Hellerman, did Mr. Taylor go to Boston with Mr. Santis?

A Yes, sir, he did.

Q Did Mr. Taylor receive checks payable to Elias Greenblatt?

A He received checks. I don't know who the checks were payable to, but he received either certified or cashier's checks, checks accepted by the check casher.

Q Who was the check casher?

A A man by the name of Mr. Irving Lazarus on 47th Street in New York.

Q Mr. Hellerman, were the checks ,to your knowledge, that Mr. Taylor got in Boston, cashed at Mr. Lazarus'?

A Yes, sir.

Q And did you receive the proceeds?

A Yes, I did, sir.

Q What did you do, if anything, with the proceeds?

A Well, Mr. Taylor and I had some expenses in setting up the deal, and I gave Mr. Taylor some money to cover his account, because he had used \$6,000, he had wrote checks for \$6,000 for the closing, and I gave him X dollars in

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Approximately a week later Mr. Santis said he would give us the other \$20,000, and I had Mr. Taylor meet him and I told him to take the checks or pick up from Lazarus -- to cash the checks and pay Mr. Lazarus his one per cent and take the difference.

· I don't know how it was arranged but Mr.

Taylor went to Lazarus and picked up nineteen some odd thousand and brought that to me.

- Q Did you have a conversation with Mr. Zardus about the stock certificates of Automated Information Systems?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - Q What did you tell him?

A I told Mr. Zardus -- that's the president of Interstate Equities Corporation -- that when the stock was closed that he should write a letter to his customers, meaning the 44,4,500 shares that he sold, and enclose stock powers. The stock power is an instrument that is attached to the certificate, in absence of the certificate being signed directly by the individual, and that gets signature guaranteed so the buyer knows he is buying an authentic certificate or an authentic signature on the certificate.

I told him to keep all the other certificates, meaning the other, the legitimate people I and Mr. Taylor had put into the stock, the nominees that I had put into the stock, and the telephone book people that I had put into the stock, to hold the certificates in his office, not to mail them out to the people, because we wanted access to them, and I would send Mr. Taylor to pick them up when and if I needed them but at the beginning since he was going to sell the stock he should keep the certificates in \*\*\*\*

	A476
1	op2 Hellerman-direct
2	HASS O Nov, when you got to the Eden Rock, what, if
3	anything, did you do?
4	A We went back by the pool, we paged Teddy Koss.
5	
6	We waited about ten minutes and no one came answered
7	the page, and about, I guess it took about 20 minutes,
8	Mr. Koss appeared.
9	I didn't know Mr. Koss, but he walked over to
	us and as he walked over to us, he said, "What can I do
)	for you fellows?"
·	I said, "If you don't stop fooling around,
2	I'm going to throw you in the pool."
	He said, "Don't get excited over here. Please

Please don't get excited. My wife and kids are here, don't make a fuss over here, let's go up to my room, we'll talk."

So, Mr. Koss, Mr. Taylor and I went up to his room in the Eden Rock. He had a bottle of liquor and he offered us a drink and we sat down and I introduced myself to him.

- O Did you have a conversation with him?
- Yes, sir.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- Tell us, please, what you said to Mr. Koss and what, if anything, Mr. Koss said to you and Mr. Taylor.
  - I introduced myself. I had never met Mr.

op3

Hellerman-direct

3

1

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Koss before and I introduced myself to him and he said he knew who I was.

We started to talk and I said to him, "Teddy," talking about Mr. Koss, I said, "You made a deal with Murray Levine, you are supposed to hold 15,000 shares of stock and you are supposed to sell them to me at a dollar and a half so I could have the whole box on the stock. There's a 50 per cent profit for you."

He says, "Murray Levine doesn't mean anything. Murray Levine is only a tool that works for me, and I didn't make a deal with you. I know you're going to run the market now and I know there's going to be a big jiggle in the stock now and I want the benefit of it and I don't want to sell the stock at \$1.50 and I want to keep some of the stock."

o Mr. Hellerman, sorry to interrupt you. What does jiggle mean?

A . We had raised the price of the stock by manipulation and the misleading statements and any way you can to force it higher, to jiggle the price of the stock from in this case to five or six or whatever height you could take it to without attracting the attention of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Please continue with your conversation with

Mr. Koss.

2 | ,

3

1

5

6

7

8

9

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

"First of all, how many shares have vou already sold?"

And I said, "I'm going to tell you now, I don't know what we're going to work out, Teddy, but don't lie to me, tell me the truth."

He said he sold approximately 1200 shares of the

A I said, "What do you want, Teddy?" I said,

So, I said, "What do you want to do?"

He said, "Well, since I know you're in the deal,
I know what you're going to do with the stock, I know what
you did in Imperial, I know what you did in Belmont, I
know what you did in At Your Service and how you ran up
all those stocks, I want 5000 shares of the stock for myself personally."

So, I said, "You mean you want to take it from your customers, at whatever you take it from them is your business, you want to keep the 5000 shares?"

He said, "Yes."

15,000 shares that he had.

I said, "When are you going to get out of the stock? Are you going to back-door me when the stock is the highest?"

He said, "Ho."

Q Please tell the Court and jury what it means to

back-door.

2 ||

A Back-door means when we are supposed to be partners, Teddy and I, and he's got 15,000, it doesn't matter the amount, and I've got 50,000, and neither one of us is supposed to be selling the stock while the stock is moving up in price and he goes behind my back and sells out his 15,000 shares, he's back-dooring the stock and ruining the market on the stock.

O Please continue the conversation.

A He says, "No, he'll sell the stock when I sell --as I sell out my position, he'll sell out proportionately
and he will listen to everything I tell him to do and he
won't do any back-dooring and to let him have 5000 shares
of the stock because he wants to make some money. He
wants, he says he knows it's going to be a big thing and
he can use the money and he wants it."

I said, "All right. Are you going to sell me the balance of the stock as per the agreement yourade with Murray Levine and sell me the balance?"

He says, "Yes."

We figured out there was a balance of about 8800 shares after the 1200 he sold and he said, yes, he would sell me that stock at \$1.50.

O How much?

## Hellerman-direct

2

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

How much?

\$1.50.

A

About 3800 shares, and he was going to keep 5000 shares, which he would sell out, as I told him, on a sliding scale all the way out. He was going to keep that for his own account, he would work it out himself.

Go ahead.

A We shook hands and he said -- I told him I would keep in touch with him and I would get him out proportionate-As he had 15,000 shares and we had 50,000 shares, lv. taking a percentage, it was X percentage of the deal, and I would take him out and if I sold 3000 shares or 2500 shares, I would take him out of a thousand shares; that it would work that way.

o Mow, Mr. Hellerman, after your conversation with Mr. Koss, did you begin taking Mr. Koss out?

A Yos, sir.

How did you begin to do that?

Well, I explained to Teddy that I didn't want the traders, the market-makers on the street, to know that Teddy Koss had 15,000 shares of stock because if they knew he had 15,000 shares of stock, this I told Mr. Koss and Mr. Zardus, then they wouldn't follow the directions that I was giving them because if the stock was \$5 or \$8 and I

told them to buy a thousand or two thousand shares of stock, because no one else had the stock, only us, they wouldn't be short at that point because they wouldn't know if Mr. Ross was back-dooring them and selling real stock that he had bought from his customers.

- O What, if anything, did you tell Mr. Koss to do?
- A I said, "I want you to sell the stock to Interstate Pouities or Mr. Zardus's firm and then he will sell them into the market or to the market-makers so the market-makers wouldn't know that you had a big position in the stock. They will think only Interstate has the whole box in the stock."
- O When the stock was bought by Interstate, in whose name was the stock bought?
- A The Telephone people. Just any names that were made out, accounts were opened and the stock was bought in those names.
- Q Now, did there come a time when you returned from Florida?
  - A Yes, sir.
- O When you returned from Florida did you have a telephone conversation with Mr. Koss?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - O Did the names Robert Angona and Donald Saxon

opa

Hellerman-direct

2

1

come up in that conversation?

3

Yes, sir.

5

7

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Could you tell us, please, what you said to Mr. Koss and what he said to you and the circumstances surrounding these names coming up in conversation?

Well, I had taken Mr. Koss out of approximately 5000 shares of stock within that 10-day period that I was in Plorida and he started to get greedy and he started to tell me that he was going to bang the market, meaning to take the balance of the stock that he had, the 8800 shares, and throw it on the market and ruin the market if I didn't take him out of the stock faster.

At this point the stock was maybe three or four dollars, it was much higher than the \$1 offering price and he had a nice profit in the stock and he was using that as a leverage to say that he wants to get out of the stock faster.

I didn't have the buying power or the customers to put into the stock fast enough to take Mr. Koss out of the stock. I had taken him out of 5000 shares in a relatively short period of time and so I opened up two accounts.

I told him to open up an account for Robert Angona and an account for Donald Saxon and I told him to

# Hellerman-direct

take 3000, 2000 for Angona and a thousand for Saxon, and take it out of his trading account or from his customers, in other words, but the stock at a price from his customer and then take that and make the profit, whatever he wants in between, the one point or two points or three points for himself or for his trading account --

O Let me interrupt you. Fxcuse me, Mr. Hellerman.

In other words, in order for Mr. Koss to get

out of the stock, you told him to sell the stock to Mr.

Angona and Mr. Saxon, two accounts?

A Yes, sir.

And you would pay for that stock which was in Mr. Angona's and Mr. Saxon's name?

A I told him Mr. Saxon and Mr. Angona would pay for the stock because when you sell a stock you have seven days to pay for it. When you buy a stock you have seven days to pay for it and when youæll it youwait seven days for your check, so he gave me a week until I would have to pay Mr. Koss for the stock, but he would be off my back for that week and I wouldn't have to beep worrying about taking him out of more stock.

O Mr. Hellerman, when you returned from Florida, how often in the next few days did you talk to Mr. Koss?

A Every day.

O How often?

A Sometimes three times, sometimes four times, sometimes five times, sometimes -- every day.

O What was the conversation?

A How's the deal going? How high are you going to take the stock? I've still got my 5000 shares. I took the other stock from the customers. I got a couple of hundred shares I've got to sell for a customer, I can't control it, what shall I do with it? Sell it to Mr. Zardus.

In other words, just how high are you going to take it? How fast are you going to move the stock?

Could I help? I'll try to find a few brokers for you to put some buy in.

He wanted to know if he sold retail some stock after -- besides the 15,000 at the original price, if he found some buyers at \$4 and \$5, how much cash under that table could he earn besides the rest of the money -- could he earn for selling the stock.

O When you returned from Florida, did you have a conversation with Mr. Layne?

A Yes, sir.

O Did you ask Mr. Layne to do anything with respect to Mr. Koss?

A Yes, I did.

1.

- O What, if anything, did you ask Mr. Lavne to do?
- A I asked Mr. Layne to go up to Mr. Koss's office and see if Mr. Koss -- how many physical shares Mr. Koss actually had on hand because I thought that maybe he sold more than he had told me he did and Mr. Layne went out with Bernie Weiss to Mr. Koss's office to see Mr. Koss and check on the stock.
- O Did you have a conversation with Mr. Layne after he went to Mr. Koss's office?
  - A Yes, I did, sir.
- What if anything, did Mr. Layne say to you and what did you say to Mr. Layne?

A First, the first conversation I had with him on the telephone, sir, when they called me, Bernie Weiss and Erwin Lavne called me from Koss's office and said they would see me later, but there was a lot of stock up here and they were working with Teddy Koss.

Then I saw Mr. Layne and Mr. Layne told me that
he was going to act very close to Mr. Koss; that he wanted he was going to try to act like Mr. Koss's protector against
me; that he was going to -- so he would gain Mr. Koss's
confidence and then he could find out everything that Mr.
Koss was doing and he would be able to tell me what was
going on and he and Bernie Weiss and I thought it was a good

	A57 178
1	op12 Hellerman-direct
2	idea, so he was going to get friendly with Mr. Koss.
3	He said something about having dinner with Mr.
4	Koss and his wife and I think they did one night and then
5	that was what Mr. Layne was going to do at that point.
6	0 Now, Mr. Hellerman
7	MR. SORKIN: Your Honor, I am getting into a new
8	area. Shall I continue?
9	THE COURT: Keep going.
10	O Mr. Hellerman, did there come a time after this
11	conversation with Mr. Weiss and Mr. Layne that you had a
12	meeting at the Carriage House with Mr. Koss?
13	A Yes, sir.
14	O Approximately when was that? How many days after
15	your return from Florida or the telephone conversation?
16	A Four, five, six days, sir.
17	O Do you remember when you returned from Florida,
18	the date?
19	A It was a Sunday. I think it was I went about
20	the 8th and it was the following Sunday, so it would be
21	about the 18th of April, the 19th, something like that.
22	O Who was present at this meeting at the Carriage
23	llouse?
24	A Mr. Layne, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Koss, myself, Mr.
25	Zardus and I believe Mr. Santis was there.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

P13 Hellerman-direct

Was anyone else to the best of vour recollection?
A At the start of the meeting or -- Mr. Angona

was there and other people came in at the end of the meeting

meeting.

Mow, Mr. Hellerman, with respect to this meeting, had you spoken to Mr. Koss earlier?

A Yes, sir.

O What did you tell him?

A I asked him please come up to the Carriage House. The reason all these meetings were at the Carriage House, I was building a restaurant at the Carriage House in New York and we had a suite, Mr. Taylor and I, at the Carriage House which we used as an office while we were doing this deal.

- O You mean the deal, Automated?
- Automated Information Systems, right.

I spoke to Mr. Koss and I said, "I want to make the arrangements to buy the rest of your stock, to buy your 5000 shares. I want you to come up to the Carriage Ibuse and tork out the deal," and so he came.

- Now, when he came to the Carriage House, did you have a conversation with him?
- It wasn't exactly a conversation, it was almost a raving fight because --

#### Hellerman-direct

- Tell us what you said and what Mr. Koss said.
- Mr. Koss had been telling me on the phone that he was going to sell all that stock in the market and ruin the market.
- When you say "ruin the market," are you referring 0 to depressing the price of the stock?
  - Λ Yes, sir.
  - Go ahead.
- Mr. Koss came up to the suite and I started screaming at him and I said, "What have you been doing?"

He said, "Well, let me tell you something, you're not" -- this is Mr. Koss now talking to me -- he said, "You're not taking me out of the stock fast enough and I'm not going to sell you the stock at \$1.50 any more. How I want \$2.50 for the stock and if you don't give me \$2.50 for the stock, I'm going to sell all the stock on the market again."

So, I said to him, "Well, Teddy, it is very important, what comes first, the chicken or the egg?" I said, 'I could sell the stock for you, but I have to have physical possession of the stock to go to the people that I have to go to to get the money to give you.

> "Now, are you going to trust me with that stock?" He said, "No, I'm not going to trust you with

SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

stocl ."

2 the stock."

I said, "Are you going to trust Erwin Layne with the stock?" I said, "After all, Erwin is your buddy."

He said, "All right, I'll trust Erwin with the

I said, "I'll give you 0.50 for the stock."

And then after he agreed, sitting in the room, he agrees to sell the stock for \$2.50 and he agrees to have Erwin go and pick up the stock and he savs, "I don't know, you may take the stock to \$10 and maybe I should get more. I want to get in on the deal."

I said, "You are in on the deal. Teddy. You didn't lay out a penny for the stock. Your customers paid a dollar, you took it from them for a buck and a quarter, a buck and three-quarters, a buck and a half, you're going to get \$2.50 for the stock, you're making yourself nine or ten thousand dollars or eight thousand dollars on the deal, what else do you want?"

"All right, all right."

Some other people came in the room and that took his mind off the deal and he said, "Ohay, I'll give Erwin the stock."

O Now, did there come a time when Mr. Layne went down at your request to Mr. Koss?

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
5 6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
	11

21

22

23

24

25

Hellerman-direct

A Yes, sir.

0:16

- O Did he return with anything?
- A Yes, sir.
- 0 What did he return with?
- A 5000 shares of Automated Information Systems.
- O Did you pay Mr. Koss for that 5000 shares?
- A Yes, I did, sir.
- Q How much did you pay him?
- A \$7500.
- Ω Where did you pay him?

The Carriage House. Not at one time, I did not give him \$7500 at one time. I gave him 2000, I gave him 1500, I gave him 1000, I gave him the original deal that I had made with him, I gave him a dollar and a half a share for the 5000 shares of stock.

Q Now, Mr. Hellerman, let's go back to the stock certificates that we discussed earlier. You said earlier that the stock certificates were at Mr. Zardus's office, Interstate Equities, for 50,000 shares, sir. Now, did there come a time when the signatures of the persons to whom the stock was assigned or subscribed to had to be put on the stock certificates?

- A Yes, sir.
- O Could you tell us, please, how that was done?

1	op17 Hellerman-direct
2	A Mr. Taylor, Mr. Lavne, Mr. Roth, Mr. Angona,
3	anybody that was around the Carriage House
4	O Including yourself?
5	A Including myself, just signel names lefthanded,
6	righthanded, just signed the Telephone Book names or the
7	nominee names on the back of the certificates.
8	O How, did there come a time, Tr. Hellerman, when
9	those signatures had to be guaranteed in order for the stock
10	to be transferred?
11	A Yes, sir.
12	O Did you have a conversation with Mr. Taylor and
13	Er. Lavne about that?
14	Yes, sir.
15	O Did you give Mr. Taylor anything?
16	Yes, sir.
17	O To give to Mr. Koss?
18	Yes, sir.
19	O What did you give?
20	A I gave Mr. Taylor \$500 to give to Mr. Koss to get
21	the stock certificates guaranteed.
22	O At what firm?
23	At Schweickart & Company, sir.
24	MP. SORKIN: That is S-c-h-w-ei-c-k-a-r-t.
25	"D. PANZER: If "r. Hellerman can't spell, I

don't know why Mr. Sorkin is testifying.

THE COURT: All right.

' ||

.

9 Excuse me, Mr. Hellerman, go ahead if vouwant to finish your answer. You mentioned Schweickart & Company.

A Mr. Koss had come to the Carriage Company and we sat down at a table in the back of the Carriage House and we explained to Mr. Koss that we needed to get the certificate signatures guaranteed and that we had no place to get them signature guaranteed because we had no working relationship at that point with a member of the New York Stock Exchange firm and an over-the-counter firm wasn't a good enough signature guarantee to be taken on a certificate.

Mr. Koss said, "I can get it done at Schweickart & Company, but it is going to cost you 3500. I have to give the cashier, my friend over there that takes care of it, \$500."

I said, "Will you do it?"

And I gave Murray Taylor the pack of certificates and he made arrangements to meet Murray Taylor the next morning and I gave Murray Taylor \$500 to give to Mr. Koss to get the stock certificates signature guaranteed.

O Did there come a time when Mr. Koss went down to Cohweichart & Company?

opl9

.^

Yes, sir.

# Hellerman-direct

2

1

- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20 21
- 22
- 23
- 24
- 25

- Did he get the certificates quaranteed?
- Approximately half of them, sir. He came back and Mr. Taylor brought me back the certificates with approximately half the signatures guaranteed and half weren't. Mr. Koss said he couldn't ge: them all done, it was too busy, and he would do the balance in a few days.
- O How, did Mr. Koss to your knowledge guarantee the signatures of any of the Telephone Book names?
  - Λ Yes, sir.
  - How did that come about, Mr. Hellerman?
- A Mr. Koss did business with Schweickart & Company so Schweickart, in effect, was guaranteeing 'Ir. Koss's signature, so when I signed a certificate lefthanded or Erwin Layne signed a certificate or Marty Poth signed a certificate or Murray Taylor or Bob Angona, Mr. Koss would take that batch of certificates that I gave him, they were all signed now by Mr. Lawne or myself and Mr. Poth and Mr. Taylor and Mr. Angona, and he would put his firm's signature guarantee stamp on it, Koss & Company, and he would sign it Theodore Koss and when he took those certificates to Schweickart, Schweickart was guaranteeing Teddy Koss's signature.

They knew Teddy's signature. They don't know

1	op20 Hellerman-direct
2	G.M. Siverberg or John Jones' signature, so they were
3	guaranteeing Teddy Koss's signature.
4	0 Mr. Hellerman, Koss Securities Corporation was
5	not a member firm at the time?
6	A No, sir.
7	O Did Koss Securities Corporation or 'Ir. Koss's
8	signature have to be guaranteed?
9	A Yes, sir.
10	
11	O Did there come a time when Hr. Layne and Hr. Taylor went to a stamp manufacturer?
12	
13	
14	O Is the answer yes or no?
	A Yes, sir.
15	Could you tell us, please, how that came about?
16	A Yes, sir. When Mr. Koss came back only with half
17	the certificates guaranteed, I told Erwin, Tr. Layne, and
18	Murray Taylor, that it's going to be ridiculous, that Teddy
19	Koss is going to hold us up for \$500 everytime we're
20	going to get certificates transferred, why don't we get
21	some signature guarantee stamps made.
22	So, Mr. Layne and Mr. Taylor went to a printing
23	store on 42nd Street and they had three signature guarantee
24	stamps rade up.

Which three?

25

4 5

A The Hanufacturers Hanover, Schweickart & Company and Bankers Trust Company.

O After those stamps were made, what was done, if anything, with them?

We used them to guarantee the balance of the certificates that Mr. Kosslad already stamped that he hadn't gotten stamped by Schweikart & Company and whenever we needed any --

O Excuse me, please talk a little bit slover for the reporter's sake.

I am sorry. Whenever we needed any other certificates guaranteed, we had the stamp so we didn't have to worry about going to anybody if we signed any one of the Telephone Book people's names or any one of the nominees' names that we hadn't told we bought the stock in their name, we would just put on the stamp, Bankers Trust or Manufacturers Hanover or Schweickart & Company and Mr. Layne, Mr.Roth or myself or Mr. Taylor or myself would just sign, as if we were an officer, if the name was R. Weber on some stamp, we signed R. Veber. If it was no name, we would just make up a name and sign it and it would be like it was a proper signature guarantee.

So, in other words, Mr. Hellerman, the Telephone Book signature name was guaranteed by Mr. Koss and Mr. Koss's

mdrf pm 1

\*\*\*

2

1

## AFTERNOON SESSION

3

## 2:30 p.m.

4

(In open court, jury not present.)

5

THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Weissberg?

6

I hear you have an application.

7

MR. WEISSBERG: Yes, your Honor. I had a con-

8

versation with Mr. Sorkin in which I requested that records of transactions of Koss Securities Corporation in Automated

9

Information Systems, Inc., which I delivered to Mr. Sorkin

10

pursuant to subpoena, be received in evidence during

11

or preceding my cross examination of the witness Michael

13

Hellerman for my use during such cross examination.

14

Mr. Sorkin declined on the ground that -- MR. SORKIN: Let me say the reasons why.

15 16

MR. WEISSBERG: All right. Mr. Sorkin declined.

17

MR. SORKIN: Your Honor, the exhibits that Mr.

18

Weissberg turned over to the Government pursuant to the subpoena are confirmations of purchases and sales and

20

21

19

order tickets.

These exhibits run in series, and they are going

22

to come in my stipulation. I spoke to Mr. Weissberg about

23

that.

There are 26 confirmations of purchase, approximately 13 -- I'm sorry, approximately 36 confirmations of

24 25

SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. CO 7-4580

purchase, approximately the same amount of sale, and approximately 40 order tickets.

We have stipulated these are the records that Mr. Koss produced, Koss Securities produced, pursuant to the subpoena and they represent purchases and sales and the order tickets for the transactions in Automated.

Mr. Hellerman, he doesn't even know about the subpoena. I don't see how the records being introduced through Mr. Hellerman, he knows --

THE COURT: How can they be introduced through Mr. Hellerman?

MR. WEISSBERG: Not through Mr. Hellerman. What I want to ask Mr. Hellerman is how he explains the differences between his testimony and the records of transactions.

THE COURT: That is your burden, it is not the Government's burden.

MR. WEISSBERG: I want to tell him that the records are different, having the records in evidence, and ask him if he has any explanation.

THE COURT: As I gather his testimony itis what he has been told. That is all he can tell you.

MR. WEISSBERG: For example, your Honor, to disclose in advance, Hellerman testified on direct that he caused to be purchased through Interstate 5,000 shares of Automated from Koss Securities Corporation.

1	T3AMD1 Hellerman - direct
2	Now, Mr. Hellerman, do you know a man by the
3	name of Jackie Mason?
4	A Yes, I do, sir.
5	Q Did you recommend the purchase of the stock of
6	Automated to Mr. Mason?
. 7	A Yes, I did, sir.
8	Q Do you know a man by the name of Donald Saxon,
9	the man you spoke of before?
10	A Yes, I do.
11	Q Did you recommend the stock to him?
12	A Yes, I did, sir.
13	Q To your knowledge, was the purchase by Mr. Koss
14	in the names of Angona and Saxon which you testified to
15	earlier ever paid for?
16	A To my knowledge it was not paid for, sir.
17	O Does the name Gayle Eastman mean anything to
18	you?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Who is Gayle Eastman?
21	A A telephone book name, one of the names Murray
22	Taylor picked out from the telephone book.
23	Q Did you ever give any certificates, registered
94	

in the name of Gayle Eastman, to Mr. Koss?

Yes, sir.

24

25

MD 2

Q

stock he needs."

Hellerman - direct

Could you tell us, please, how that came about?

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

I don't know exactly if Mr. Koss was short in stock or he couldn't get the stock in fast enough from the customer, but he said he needed some stock, and Icalled Mr. Zardus and said, "Make sure that Teddy Koss gets the

I was trying to work with him at the time. And the stock that Mr. Zardus gave him was in the name of Gayle Eastman.

- Mr. Hellerman, did there come a time you had a conversation with Mr. Koss about his books and records?
  - Yes, sir.
- Would you tell us, please, when that conversation was.

I had many conversations about it, but this was . right in the middle of the deal, I would say May, and Mr. Koss told me if he was ever called to the SEC -the deal was starting to get a little sticky, there wasn't enough buying going into the stock, and Mr. Koss said if he was ever checked by the SEC, if he was ever called, he would never know me, he would deny knowing me if he was ever asked by anybody.

He also said that the SEC -- for all these years he was able to stay straight with the SEC because he kept

two sets of books. He said that he had one set that he and his wife had access to that he knew what he was doing, and he had one set that in case the SEC came in to investigate that he had what he would show them.

MR. MITCHELL: Your Honor, I ask that it not be admitted as far as the defendant McGee is concerned.

THE COURT: All of this comes in, does it not, under Count 13?

MR. SORKIN: I didn't hear.

THE COURT: His objection is it couldn't come in against his client. It comes in against Koss and Koss Securities Corporation. The testimony about the two sets of books is admitted solely against the defendants Koss and Koss Securities Corporation. It is not to be considered by you against any of the other defendants named in this case.

- Q As a result of the Automated Information Systems deal, Mr. Hellerman, did you give Mr. Layne any money?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - Q Approximately how much money did you give him?
- A In round figures -- I can't give it to you exactly because I was giving him money constantly.
  - Q Approximately.
  - A Around \$6500, \$7000. Somewhere in there.

time.

## Hellerman - cross

2

3

4

5

7

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

25

MR. SORKIN: I have no further questions at this

#### CROSS EXAMINATION

#### BY MR. WEISBERG:

On what date for the first time did you have any conversation with any person about the shares of Automated Information Systems, Inc.?

In December of 1970 at Gatsby's with Murray Taylor and Murray Levine was the first time I heard about Automated Information Systems, sir.

On what date did you last have a conversation with any person who participated in what you called the deal involving Automated Information Systems, Inc.?

I can't give you a date, sir. I can associate it with an event. I was talking to Mr. Layne about Murray Taylor, and Mr. Layne said to me, "I would be very funny if we found out Murray Taylor was a government agent and he was working on this deal with us."

And as it happened, Murray Taylor was a government informatnt at the time. That was during the first Imperial case. I think that I remember -- I can associate that to a date, to a time, I mean, but I don't know the exact date.

THE COURT: Roughly.

of Automated?

- A I think the high was between \$5 and \$6, sir.
- Q When was it that you obtained 5,000 shares of stock from Theodore Koss?

A It was after the meeting in the Carriage House in New York when I asked Mr. Koss to come to the Carriage House to discuss how we would get paid for the stock and we had a big argument and then I asked Mr. Koss if he would trust Mr. Layne with the 5,000 shares of stock and he finally agreed to trust Mr. Layne with the 5,000 shares of stock, and I asked Mr. Layne to please go down and pick up the 5,000 shares of stock and Mr. Layne brought me back the 5,000 shares and then I paid Mr. Koss the \$7,500 over the next few days or the next week in periodic payments.

THE COURT: When would you say that first payment occurred?

THE WITNESS: Somewhere around April 22nd,
April 25th, around that date.

- Q And then the next month you talked to Mr. Morvillo of the United States Attorney's office, isn't that correct?
  - A Approximately May or June, correct, sir.
  - What was it that caused you to talk to Mr. Morvillo
  - A Well, I knew with all the wooden tickets Mr. Layne

3

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

. 1

22

23

24

25

and Mr. Taylor were putting into the buying of the stock there was no more power to buy the stock and I knew that the deal would get in trouble, so to try to protect myself I spoke to Mr. Morvillo and told him the whole story, but I put all the blame on Murray Taylor rather than put the blame on myself.

Well, after you talked to Mr. Morvillo, did you stop pushing the stock?

Well, there was no more buying power. Yes. would try to get out of the stock, but you asked me if I was trying to push the stock up. I wasn't trying to push the stock up, if I could get out of more shares or make more money I would have, but I don't -- I can't correlate the date of talking to Mr. Morvillo if I sold any other stock after that. I don't believe I did.

When you talked to Mr. Morvillo, did you also turn over to him any records?

- A No, sir.
- Did you have any records to turn over?
- I never kept the records. I told you that. Mr. Taylor kept most of the records. All I was interested in was knowing how many shares of stock was sold each week so we would get the proceeds at the end of the following week.

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Did you tell Mr. Morvillo chat Koss delivered physical stock 7,000 to 8,000 shares to you?

I don't remember what I told Mr. Morvillo in relation to Mr. Koss, except that he was in the deal, and most of the conversation as I remember --

MR. WEISSBERG: I wish to strike out everything after the words "I don't remember," and I ask that the witness be instructed.

THE COURT: Just don't volunteer anything, Mr. Hellerman.

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

Q Is it possible that you did say that to Mr. Morvillo?

> MR. SORKIN: Objection as to form, your Honor. THE COURT: Overruled.

I don't know what I saidto Mr. Morvillo, sir, as far as relation of how many shares were delivered to Mr. Koss or if I even told him about it.

MR. WEISSBERG: I move to strike out everything after "I don't remember."

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. WEISSBERG: 1 ask that certain papers given me, 3500 material, be marked as Defendant Koss' Exhibit for identification.

25

1 gtrf 15 Hellerman - cross A77 300 THE COURT: You are not reading from notes made by 2 this man, you are reading from notes made by somebody else. 3 MR. WEISS: The question is whather it refreshes his recollection, your Honor. 5 6 THE COURT: As to whether he ever said that? 7 MR. WEISSBERG: As to whether is said that. That 8 was the question. 9 THE COURT: I will take that. THE WITNESS: No, it does not, sir. 10 Did you say to Mr. Morvillo --11 0 12 THE COURT: Wait a second. You can't do it that 13 way. 14 MR. WEISSBERG: I will withdraw that. THE COURT: You can just ask him what he did say 15 to Mr. Morvillo, but you can't read from this document. 16 It is not in evidence in front of the jury and get it in 17 18 that way. MR. WEISSBERG: I understand that, your Honor, 19 but I can ask him whether he told that to Mr. Morvillo, 20 I believe. 21 22 THE COURT: You can ask him if he told something to Mr. Morvillo, yes, but don't hold that in your hand as 23 though you are reading from it. 24 25 Did you tell Mr. Morvillo that Koss was supposed

1

A I don't remember.

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11: 12.

13.

14

15

16.

17.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

The Carriage House in New York? Yes, I did. I don't know if I told him that, but I did pay cash to him at the Carriage House in New York.

Did you tell Mr. Morvillo that you told Koss to take 1,500 shares of stock and put it in Angona's name?

I told -- I don't know. I told Koss to put 2,000 shares in Angona's name and I don't remember what I told Mr. Morvillo. I don't even know if I told him that.

Q Did you also tell Mr. Morvillo that you told Koss to take 1,000 shares and put it in Saxon's name?

I told Mr. Koss to put 1,000 shares in Saxon's name. I don't remember if I told that to Mr. Morvillo.

And did you arrange in some way for payment for this 2,500 shares?

I did not pay for that stock.

Are you saying, then, that -- I withdraw that. Q Well, did Koss -- I withdraw that.

Do you know whether Koss did, in fact, put 1,500 shares in Angona's name and 1,000 shares in Saxon's name?

I told Mr. Koss to put 2,000 shares in Angona's name and 1,000 shares in Saxon's name and after --

MR. WEISSBERG: I move to strike that out as not responsive.

Theodore Koss about the Automated shares deal?

A It was the end of the deal in I believe sometime in June and Mr. Koss was still pushing to get the difference of the two and a half dollars -- the difference from the \$7,500 I paid him for the 5,000 shares, he wanted an extra \$5,000 and he was asking me when he was going to get it, and that was the last conversation they are having with Mr. Koss about Automated Information Systems.

Q At that time did you tell him that in May 1971 you had talked to Mr. Morvillo and told him about the activities in the Automated Information Systems deal?

MR. SORKIN: Your Honor, that is not his testimony.

THE COURT: That is not his testimony. He said

May or June.

Q Can you fix definitely the date when you talked to Mr. Morvillo?

A No, sir.

Q Is it --

A I can tell you where it was, I will tell you who is present.

Q It is not necessary. The Court has ruled on that.

What is the closest you can fix a date as to when
you talked to Mr. Morvillo?

A Toward the end of the deal when the deal was going

2 .

1

3

4 5

6

7 -

8 :

9

10

11:

13.

14

15

16.

17.

18

19

20.

21

22

23

24

25

bad and I would say the end of May, the beginning of June.

Q The end of May, the beginning of June?

A The beginning of June. That would be my best recollection.

Q How long after that did you talk to Mr. Koss?

A Not long, because the deal was over. The deal was down the drain, there was no more buying power and I can't fix the exact date. It was near the end of the deal when I spoke to Mr. Koss and I told him the deal was over, he could do whatever he wanted to do, that he wasn't going to get paid the other \$5,000. I had given him \$1.50 a share which was originally agreed upon before and he made a lot of money on the deal.

Q Whatever happened to the 1500 shares that you told Koss to put in in Angona's name and the thousand shares --

THE COURT: The witness said he told him to put in 2000 shares.

Q -- the 2000 shares you told Koss to put in in Angona's name and the 1000 shares you told Koss to put in in Saxon's name, if you know?

A My understandings with Mr. Koss -- I told him to put that 2000 shares in in Angona's name and a thousand shares in Saxon's name to stall for time to get an extra week to pay him when he wanted to get out of the stock after I got Mr. Koss out of the first 5000 shares of stock.

, THE COURT: You are repeating a lot of information that you are not being asked. You are being asked what happened to the 3000 shares.

THE WITNESS: As far as I was concerned, that was delivered to me. That was part of the package of the 5000 that when Layne brought me. As far as I was concerned, what Mr. Koss did with it or how he handled it on his books or anything else, I don't know.

MR. PANZER: I move to strike as unresponsive.

THE COURT: I think it is. He said 3000 was

21

22

23

24

25

mcp2 Hellerman-cross part of the 5000 of Angona. He was asked what happened to the 3000. When you last talked to Theolore Koss did he 0 tell you that he had testified before the Securities and Exchange Commission in New York on June 15, 1971? I don't remember if he told me he had testified, sir. Did you tell Mr. Morvillo that you paid Mr. 0 Adlman \$15,000 to \$20,000? I might have. I don't remember. Did you tell Mr. Morvillo that you did not remember the meetings before February 1 or 2? I don't remember telling him that. A Look at page 15 of the notes before you. Q MR. SORKIN: Is that 3500-D? MR. WEISSBERG: D for David. A Page 15, you said, sir? 0 Just a moment.

THE COURT: You have the wrong page.

MR. WEISSBERG: I am sorry, I have the wrong

3500-C, page 1. Have you got a copy of it? one.

MR. SORKIN: I have copies for the Court.

THE COURT: I have the court copy. Hold it,

Mr. Weissberg. Mr. Sorkin, will you give the witness a \*\*\*\*\*

25

## Hellerman-cross

THE COURT: It doesn't make any difference.

- Q How old are you?
- A 36, sir.

mcp6

- Q How much formal education have you had?
- A College education.
- Q By 1971 how much experience had you had in the securities business by way of employment or as a principal?

MR. WEISSBERG: I withdraw the question. I have no more questions.

THE COURT: Mr. Mitchell.

## CROSS EXAMINATION

### BY MR. MITCHELL:

Q Mr. Hellerman, at the time of the Automated deal you were trying very much to see that nobody learned of your part in the Automated deal; is that right?

A Yes, sir.

Q In addition to the usual secrecy in the deals you had the feeling that the United States Attorney might find out, after you had promised him to stay out of the securities business, that you went back in; is that right?

A Not so much that, sir. I already made my first agreement with Mr. Morvillo. I was a government informant and I told Mr. Morvillo that if I didn't act like I was in this deal that people would think something

1 mcp7

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

# Hellerman-cross

was wrong, that Michael Hellerman was not doing any deals.

Mr. Morvillo told me that I could watch the deal and not
to do anything wrong in the deal, not participate, just
watch it, and if I did anything wrong I would be prosecuted
for it, and it was my greed that made me make money out of
the deal.

MR. SORKIN: I am going to ask several defense counsel and defendants not to smile or smirk at Mr. Hellerman's testimony when he refers to certain discussions that he had with Mr. Morvillo.

THE COURT: All right.

- Q Did you tell Mr. Morvillo that you were breaking your word and you were participating in a deal?
  - A No, I did not.
- Q Did you report to Mr. Morvillo that the deal was going on?
  - A Yes, sir.
- Q Did you give him the names of the people who were in it?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - Q When did you make that report?
  - A At the end of May, beginning of June.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE

- Q Of what year?
- A 1971, sir. #####

23

24

25

A He may have been. What happened at your meeting with Murray Taylor at Peacock Alley? A Well, after we had a drink together at the table at Peacock Alley, he asked me to come over to a little lobby

of telephone booths. He said, "Now, copy down these names." He dictated names and addresses to me and the number of shares that each person wanted. He told me to get out a prospectus, a subscription agreement and a confirmation to each one of these people as soon as I could because they were expecting it. They had already been told that the stock was going to be a good stock to buy. So I copied down the names. I asked him for the list and he wouldn't give it to me, so I copied them down and that was what took place.

O Approximately how many shares were accounted for by the names that Murray Taylor gave you at Peacock Alley?

A The list was incomplete. I would say, oh, somewhere around 25 to 28 thousand shares were accounted for on that list.

Q Did Mr. Taylor sav anything about taking care of the rest of the shares?

A Yes. He said he would call me tomorrow, meaning the next day, and that he would give me the additional names over the telephone.

O After meeting Murray Taylor at Peacock Alley, what did you do?

A I went back to my office in order to start

gp.5

Zardus-direct

3

1

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

preparing the prospectus mailing and I called Ted Koss to tell him the good news; that we were going to have a successful offering; that Bob Santis had contacted a corporate and financial public relations man by the name of Murray Taylor, who was associated with a very bright guy by the name of Mike Hellerman, and that they were going to supply us with the people who were going to buy all the shares.

- Did Mr. Koss say anything when you told him that?
- He said that was great, and he said to keep on working on it and get the job done.
- Did you sav anything to Mr. Koss about the money being made for this underwriting by Hellerman and Taylor?
- Oh, yes, I did mention to him that the only way that we got the thing completed, I explained the details and the agreement that Santis and I had: that I was not going to make the full commission because Santis had to kickback half of the proceeds of the sale of the shares of stock, so that I had agreed with Santis to take only \$1500 and that I would be satisfied to take that.
- Did Mr. Koss say anything when you told him that Hellerman and Taylor were going to get half the proceeds of the underwriting?

- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 22
- 23
- 24
- 25

- A No.
- A 110.
- O Did you receive a telephone call from Murray Taylor the day after you met him at Percock Alley?
  - A Yes, I did.
- O What did Murray Taylor say during that telephone call?
- I think, to some 17,000 shares, names and addresses and the number of shares to be applied to each one. He told me that it was getting late and don't bother to send out any prospectuses or confirmations to these people because they were his people; they were clients of his and they would buy or sell anything that he told them to.
- O Mr. Zardus, I show you a document consisting of seven vellow sheets of paper which has been marked Government's Exhibit 10 for identification. Can you identify that document?
- A Yes. This is a list of names of purchasers of shares in Automated Information Systems that I made up myself in my own handwriting as the orders came in.
- THE COURT: Did these include the names given to you by Taylor?
  - THE WITNESS: Yes.
  - MR. WILE: Your Honor, I show this list to \*\*\*\*\*

1	rgrf 31 Levine - direct A92 889
2	per cent of the selling commission, which was approximately
3	\$6,000.
4	Q Do you recall how much the offering was?
5	A 60,000 shares at \$1 a share.
6	Ω What, if anything, did Mr. Koss say in return?
7	A He turned me down entirely.
8	Q Was there any conversation about Mr. Koss selling
9	the stock to his customers?
10	THE COURT: Pardon me.
11	MR. SORKIN: Yes, your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Is it 60 or 65,000 shares?
13	MR. SORKIN: It's 65, but the witness has testifie
14	that his recollection was 60.
15	Ω Was there any conversation, Mr. Levine, as to
16	Mr. Koss selling to his customers?
17	A Yes. I didn't think he could do it and
18	I told him so.
9	Q Did Mr. Koss say approximately how much he had
20	sold at that time to his customers?
1	A If my recollection serves me correctly, it is
2	15,000 shares.
3	Q During that month of January '71, did you have
4	a conversation with Mr. Koss about the Automated escrow
5	account?

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24 25 Yes, I did.

What did you say to Mr. Koss and what did he say to you and where was the conversation?

The conversation was on the phone from my home. At that point I told him if he expected any of my customers or anything to come into the stock, he had no escrow account set up for the stock. He was using the money at that point for the operation of his own business, not as the offering circular read. I told him it is illegal and it is insane.

His answer to me was mind my own business, he runs his business his way.

- Now, did there come a time during January -approximately January, or whatever your recollection is -when you met a man by the name of Murray Taylor?
  - A Yes, I did.
  - Did you have a conversation with him? O
  - A Yes.
  - Q Where did you have the conversation with him?
- The original conversation began in a friend's A He told me at that point he was interested in taking the box of Automated Information Systems. He took me to lunch at Gatsby's where we met Michael Hellerman.
- Did you have a conversation with Mr. Hellerman and Mr. Taylor?

A

Yes, I did.

rgri 3

Q Please tell us what each of them said to you and what you said to them, and identify the parties talking.

A I laid out the situation of the close or short amount of stock in the publics hands, 65,000 shares, and told them that all but 5,000 shares were sold. I told them a little bit about the company and the individual running it.

Mr. Hellerman at that point said he would have no interest in the situation unless he could take over the total box of the stock.

O Tell us, please, what the box means as you understand it.

A The total box of the stock is where the man would own the total of the 65,000 shares with no shares in any strangers' hands.

Q In other words, he would not own it, but he would know where it was?

A He could account for the entire 65,000 shares, yes, sir.

Q What else was said, Mr. Levine?

A I told him I could not vouch at that point for Mr. Koss' relinquishing his customers 15,000 shares and I had thought at that point that Mr. Santis and Mr. Koss -- he was speaking to Mr. Koss -- can have him agree to the relinquishing of the stock he held in his own customers'

Mr. Santis at that point assured Mr. Hellerman

25

10

12

13 14

15

16

17 18

19 20

22

21

23

25

rgrf 35 Levine - direct

A96 893

that he can speak with Mr. Koss and Mr. Koss would relinquish the other 15,000 shares.

Mr. Hellerman at that point named his terms.

He wanted 50 per cent of all the money received from the sale of the stock.

- Q Did Mr. Santis say anything?
- A He was a little taken aback.
- Q Who was that?
- A Mr. Santis was a little taken aback. After saying it was a little impossible, Mr. Hellerman then told him that the money would be given back to him in periodic times for the operation of his business. Mr. Santis agreed to the deal.
- Q Did there come a time in approximately early February, or around about this time, when you had a conversation with Mr. Santis over the telephone?
  - A Yes, I did.
- Q Could you tell us, please, what you said and what Mr. Santis said.
- A Mr. Santis at that time told me the stock was going stale, the offering was going stale.
  - Q Go ahead.
- And can I press the people to start placing the issue, or retailing out the issue so he can have a closing

22

23

24

25

rgrf 47 Levine - cross A98 905 did Mr. Hellerman say to you that he knows that you do not have \$75,000 to make good on a guarantee that Koss will not sell his 15,000 shares in the market, but that question. THE COURT: I do. the transcript. objection. The question is perfectly clear. No. A No. I just said I didn't know, sir. A

he will deduct from your share of the profits of the Automated deal any losses that he incurs in the deal by Kess sale of any of his shares into the market? MR. SORKIN: Your Honor, I don't understand the MR. WEISSBERG: Your Honor, that's taken right from THE COURT: Mr. Weissberg, I am overruling the Did you know what Koss was doing with Automated after you stopped working for Koss in January 1971? Did you tell Hellerman that you did know what Koss was doing with respect to Automated after January 1971? THE COURT: That isn't the question. The question is did you ever tell Hellerman that you knew what Koss was doing. In other words, did you make up a story?

1	Jw-1f Fleisher-Direct 272
2	tape, secured by tape under his shirt. This guise is
3	capable of transmitting sound and voices about 100 yards
4	clearly. After that it diminishes in quality.
5	Who, if anyone, receives the transmissions
6	that Mr. Olsberg has on the Kel unit?
7	A Myself and other agents.
8	Q And with respect to the conversations that
9	were admitted into evidence were you there on each and
10	every occasion that Mr. Olsberg was transmitting on the
11	Kel units?
12	A Yes, I was.
13	Q And what, if any, equipment did you have, Mr.
14	Fleisher?
15	A I was equipped with a tape recorder, cassette
16	tape, which was either operated off of a Kel receiver,
17	which is familiar as a handy talking device or the car
18	radio, depending on the circumstances.
19	This cassette recorder was capable of recording
20	whatever was transmitted by the body Kel worn by Mr. Ols-
21	berg.
22	O Was this recorder set?
23	A Yes, it was.
24	Q And the recordings at all times can you tell
25	us whether or not they were in your custody?

Tracher than early March.

O Mr. Santis, let me show you what has previously been marked in evidence as Government's Exhibit 8-A and

Government's Exhibit 8-B.

22

23

24

25

Would you identify those two documents (handing)?

identification, and I will ask you ot identify this, sir (handing) -- this is not in evidence. Will you just look at it and identify it for us?

A Yes, this is a deposit slip reflecting the deposit that I made of \$48,500.

O In which bank?

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A Reedham National Bank.

MR. SOPKIM: Your Honor, we offer it in evidence. I will show it to defense counsel (handing) .

9 Let me show you now what has previously been \*\*\*\*

25

2

1

# 4

# 5

### 7

### 8

## 9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

21

22

23

24

25

# AFTERNOOU SESSIOU

2.15 P.M.

(Jury in box.)

ROBERT PHILIP SAUT S, resumed.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

DIRECT UKAMUNATION CONTINUED

BY UP.SORKIN:

- Now I believe you left off, I'r. Santis, you were discussing the meeting in the Carriage Pouse, the conversation between Mr. Koss and Mr. Hellerman. Do you recall anything else that was said during that conversation?
- Mell, Mr. Hellerman's prime contention there was if it hadn't been for him --

THE COURT: To said that is what he said.

- would never have gotten off the ground, and that Koss had better cooperate.
  - 0 Did Mr. Koss say anything?
  - Nell, they said a lot -- nostly screaming and shouting and threats.
- 9 Was thereanything else other than what was said this morning?

	и			J
201	п			
	1.			

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- A Mr. Ross said that he would cooperate for a certain price.
- O Mr. Santis, let us go back to the time -THE COURT: Wait a second. Don't leave it in
  the air.

For what price?

- o bid a price come up, Mr. Santis?
- A I don't recall the exact price.
- O Mr. Santis, going back now to the time that you received the money from Mr. Koss, the \$12,750, on or about that time did Mr. Hellerman's name come up in the conversation with Mr. Koss?
  - A Yes.
  - O Tell us, please --
  - A Hr. Koss did not know ---
  - () -- what was said.
- Itr. Koss did not know of Mr. Mellerman's involvement at the meeting in Mr. Turchin's office in early March, by the time he gave me the check or thereabouts. He knew that Mellerman was involved in the deal.
  - O How did you know that?
  - A We talked about it.
  - O Fell us what Moss said.
  - A He said he Lnovs Hellerman, he knows his

1

3

4

5

6 7

8

9 10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

29

21

22

23

24

25

at each -- at each conference, each call where the 15,000 shares were.

- What if anything did Mr. Koss say?
- A Well, pretty much what I said before, that he was not going to turn over the stock until he knew who was involved in the deal and what his part would be.
- O Now, did there come a time, Ir. Santis, when you received a check from 'mr. Taylor as part-payment for the moneys that ir. Hellerman was supposed to par you back?
  - A Yes, I did.
- O Fould you please look at Defendants' Exhibit D in evidence, and I ask you, sir, if that is the check that you received (handling)?
- Yes, it is. This check, when I got it from Tr. Taylor, I called the bank in Florida -- I believe that is a Plorida bank, by the way -- to determine whether there were sufficient funds to cover it, and there were none.
  - O What did you do, if anything, with that check?
- I gave it back to him -- no, wait a minute. I think I gave that check to Murray Levine.
- O Now let me show you, "r. Santis, Government's Exhibit 70-A in evidence. Would you look at that, \*\*\*\*\*

MR. SORKIN: Why don't we say what we will stipulate, now, your Honor, and then we will do it in front of the jury.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SORKIN: Let's take Mr. Weissberg first.

With respect to subdivision (a) of Count No. 2, Mr.

Weissberg and the Government will stipulate that if Mr.

Zardus was recalled, he would testify that he received checks in the mail totalling approximately \$2,000 which were mailed to Interstate Equity Corporation for the purchase of approximately 2,000 shares of Automated on or about March 2, 1971. Correct, Mr. Weissberg?

MR. WEISSBERG: Yes, that is satisfactory. I told Mr. Sorkin that we do not concede that any such evidence or this stipulation would make out -- would be legally sufficient to make out the crime charged as against the defendants Theodore Koss and Koss Securities Corporation since this relates only to a transaction with Stephan Zardus and Interstate Equities Corporation and not a transaction with Theodore Koss or Koss Securities Corporation

MR. SORKIN: The second stipulation, your Honor, is Murray Taylor, if called, would testify that he received a check, Government's Exhibit 65-A in evidence, from Donald Saxon, that the check was made out to Harris, Upham

rgrf 6 A109 1479

for \$20,101.40; that he gave that check to either Robert
Angona or another person for delivery to Harris, Upham for
the payment of 4,000 shares of Automated Information
Systems for the account of Jack Lifschit:

MR. PANZER: What about who made up the check?

MR. SORKIN: If Mr. Taylor were called he would testify that he did not sign the check, Robert Angona signed the check at his instruction, and either Mr. Angona or somebody else delivered it.

MR. PANZER: What about the numbers of the check and everything else who put that in?

MR. SORKIN: As far as I know and as far as Mr.

Taylor knows, he didn't do it. He suspects it was probably

Angona, but I can stipulate that whoever made out the check,

it was made out at Mr. Taylor's instructions.

MR. PANZER: Why don't we just stipulate that the check was made out at Mr. Taylor's instructions and leave it at that.

MR. SORKIN: No objection. And delivered at Mr. Taylor's instructions to Harris, Upham.

MR. PANZER: Yes.

THE COURT: What else?

MR. SORKIN: That's it, your Honor.

MR. WEISSBERG: We do have one other thing.

I also spoke to Murray Taylor in the presence of Mr. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

15

13

14

17 18

19

20 21

22 23

24

25

Sorkin and he told us both that beginning in the summer of 1970 he had agreed to cooperate with the Government in a conversation with Mr. Morvillo; that in advance of his indictment, I think it was in the Imperial stock case, he had agreed to so cooperate with the Government and he defined cooperation as including giving information to the Government concerning any crimes involving securities that he saw; that thereafter there came a time, I think it was sometime in May, 1971, that he gave Mr. Morvillo information about his own activities and those of others including allegedly -- well, we didn't go into details, but he said he gave information to Mr. Morvillo about the activities in Automated Information Systems and he quoted Mr. Morvillo as saying to him, "I told you to watch it, but to say out of it."

Mr. Sorkin and I agreed that we would place this statement, this summary that I have given in the record as a basis for my contention on behalf of the defendants Theodore Koss and Koss Securities Corporation; that that constitutes entrapment not as an issue of fact or submission to the jury, but as an issue of law for decision by the Court, since I contend, and this will come up later on in the motions, that by his own statement, Taylor was a

MR. SORKIN: Mr. Weissberg, there is one other thing that Mr. Taylor did say. Taylor was told when he spoke to Morvillo back in the summer not to get involved in any further activities and to stay away from any crimes. Mr. Taylor did say that he did not abide by those instructions and got himself involved in Automated and did

not tell Morvillo about Automated and I think he said

participant in the crime rather than an agent who merely

\*\*\*

7

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

21

22

20

23

24

25

Walsh - cross

THE COURT: Go ahead.

5 am rgrf l

From the charts which are in evidence, have you computed how many shares Koss Security Corporation bought from its original subscribers to 15,000 shares?

Koss Securities bought from the original sub-A scribers, working off the chart, a total of 2,800 shares.

From the same charts, have you computed how many shares the original subscribers of 15,000 shares sold altogether?

A The total number of shares that the original subscribers sold, meaning stocks tin their own name, they sold through Koss Securities, 8,200 shares.

From the charts, have you computed how many shares --

> THE COURT: Pardon me, 8,200? THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

From the charts have you computed how many shares Q Koss Securities Corporation bought in the after market?

Working off the chart that is marked Exhibits 3-A through 3-RR, in other words, the order tickets, the house bought in the after market a total of 4,500 shares up to trade date 5/24, and they bought an additional 4,310 when you go through trade date from 6/25 through 9/22.

1 rgrf 2 Walsh - cross 2 THE COURT: Let's get this straight. Koss Securities bought in the after market how many shares? 3 THE WITNESS: We wanted the two periods --4 THE COURT: Up to the date that it broke. 5 6 THE WITNESS: 4,500 shares, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: After the date -- what is that date, 8 June what? 9 THE WITNESS: It was the end of June. I don't 10 remember the exact date. 11 MR. SORKIN: I think it was June 24th, your 12 Honor. 13 THE COURT: June 24th, the date the stock 14 broke, and after that an additional --15 THE WITNESS: 4,310 shares. 16 THE COURT: Go ahead. 17 From the same charts have you computed how many 18 shares Koss Securities Corporation sold in the after market 19 to brokers, dealers and customers? 20 We totalled that out to be 3,950 shares. 21 MR. WEISSBERG: I have no further questions. 22 MR. MITCHELL: Your Honor, I have just one or 23 two questions with this witness.

24

25

25 MR. SORKIN: You mean he sold the 15,000 in the

19

20

21

22

23

24

there.

THE COURT: Were they names on the original?

25

24

25

two 600 make a thousand.

1606

THE COURT: I don't understand the purchase and amount of shares sold. I thought the house sold a thousand

Rost only sold 200.

THE COURT: The house sells a thousand, Rost, Emkay and Berger make up a thousand that are sold to Interstate, 300, 500 and 200.

THE COURT: That is a thousand.

MR. SORKIN: Murphy is 3,000, and Reisch and Stoller are 500 each and they make up 4,000.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. SORKIN: With respect to the last thousand, Mr. Koss has a confirmation -- perhaps I can lift this up.

Mr. Koss has a confirmation of 800 shares for Joel Macher on 4/13/71. Mr. Macher testified that Mr. Koss had told him that he already sold 800 out, even though Mr. Macher had never purchased the stock. So we have 800 here for Mr. Macher as part of the Count 13 charge --

THE COURT: We are not talking about Count 13, Count 1.

MR. SORKIN: Okay, it shows 800 here and the last 200, your Honor, is Mr. Jack Sobel. So 800 and 200 makes the first 5,000.

THE COURT: All right, that's 5,000.

What about the other 10?

MR. SORKIN: We can't speak for the other 10. We can only speak for 5,000 that Mr. Hellerman sent Mr. Layne

down on. The other 5,000, it could very well be that his customers may still have it, so we can't really speak for the other 5,000.

THE COURT: That 5 that you are giving me all were transferred into Interstate, weren't they?

MR. SORKIN: They were sold to Interstate, that is correct, your Honor. From Koss to Interstate.

THE COURT: That is not the 5,000 he gave Layne, is it?

MR. SORKIN: No, it is not. It is a different 5,000.

THE COURT: That is what I am talking about. Where is that 5,000?

MR. SORKIN: Your Honor, with respect to that 5,000
THE COURT: In other words, where did Koss have
5,000 to give Layne?

MR. SORKIN: Well, we know this much, your Honor: We know that at least 2,500 of it comes from Angona and Saxon, because Mr. Angona buys 1,500 from Mr. Koss' house account. We don't know how Mr. Koss got 1,500 into his house account, but we would be supposing or speculating that Mr. Koss bought back 1,500 from some of his other customers.

THE COURT: This Angona-Saxon deal, which is 2,500

2 | right?

MR. SORKIN: That is correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: That isn't the 5,000 that is delivered to Mr. Layne, is it?

MR. SORKIN: I believe it is, your Honor. I think Mr. Hellerman testified that the 3,000, or 2,500 was part of the Layne Saxon.

THE COURT: That is what he said, but I have great difficulty understanding it mathematically.

MR. SORKIN: If I may, your Honor, Mr. Angona is just a name. Mr. Koss, according to Mr. Hellerman's testimony, wants out of the stock very --

THE COURT: Wait. There are two things here.

The proof is, as I understand it, that Hellerman sends Layne to Koss and Koss gives Layne 5,000 shares to take back with him.

MR. SORKIN: Yes.

THE COURT: The 2,500 to Saxon and Angona can't be part of that 5,000. I know Hellerman said it was.

MR. SORKIN: It can be, your Honor.

THE COURT: How?

MR. SORKIN: Very simply. Because Saxon and Angona are just names that Hellerman told Mr. Koss to use. He told Mr. Koss, "Look, in effect, you take --" I think

rgrf 26

he said 3,00 or 2,000 or 1,000, I'm not sure. "You take stock and put it in their names. It will be our stock, but put it in their names. Use their names."

THE COURT: I thought this was the means of getting rid of it, in addition to the 5. This was helping Koss to get rid of his stock in addition to the 5,000 that he physically gave to Layne.

MR. SORKIN: No. This is helping Koss get 5,000 back because Mr. Koss said in the beginning he wanted to keep 5,000 on his own, and Mr. Hellerman agreed. So now Mr. Koss has to get back 10,000 to Mr. Hellerman. He does 5,000 through Interstate and now that leaves 5,000 left is done this way:

Mr. Hellerman calls up Mr. Koss and he says, "All right, if I am not taking out fast enough, take some stock and put it in the names of Angona and Saxon."

THE COURT: He taking them out is not the same as delivering the buy. That is a different 5.

MR. SORKIN: If I may, your Honor, I am going to show you how he gets the stock.

MR. SORKIN: Mr. Koss takes 1,500 shares and he puts it in Angona's name.

Now, Angona doesn't exist for Koss' purposes, so a man by the name of Angona has 1,500 shares.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SORKIN: Hellerman doesn't pay for it. He does the same thing with Saxon. Dugan sells 1,000 shares to Saxon.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. SORKIN: Okay? Now, there is 2,500 shares now. Saxon and Angona are two names in which 2,500 shares are sitting in the account.

When Mr. Layne goes down to Mr. Koss, 2,500 shares are taken out of their account and delivered to Mr. Hellerman. Mr. Hellerman then has to pay Mr. Koss for those 2,500 shares.

The thousand -- here is \$4,000 here and 1,500 times a dollar and a half, whatever the figure is, \$8,000, whatever the figure comes out to. Mr. Hellerman doesn't pay for that 2,500 shares. Mr. Koss then gets a check from Taylor, who gets it from Mason, writes a letter to the NASD and says, "The proceeds of the check were used --"

THE COURT: You are saying the Saxon-Angona 2,500 shares are part of the 15,000 that are delivered?

MR. SORKIN: That's correct, and I believe there is testimony on that, your Honor, from Mr. Hellerman.

THE COURT: All right, so that's 2,500. Keep going.
MR. SORKIN: Very well, your Honor.

going to get the stock?

MR. SORKIN: I believe Mr. Hellerman returned from Florida on the 18th, your Honor, and I believe he said the meeting was on the 22nd and he instructed Mr. Layne to go down after the meeting. There is no evidence that Mr. Layne went down the day after the meeting. There is evidence

THE COURT: What is the date that they fixed Layne

THE COURT: All right.

MR. PANZER: Where is the evidence that he went down; eyewitness evidence that he went down?

THE COURT: He told him to go down and the stocks were brought back to him. Hellerman said that.

MR. PANZER: He said he sent him.

that Mr. Layne went down, but we don't know when.

THE COURT: He said he got the stocks.

MR. PANZER: He didn't say from whom.

THE COURT: I think it is inferential, Mr. Layne.

The jury can draw that inference. If I tell Mr. Layne to
go get them and then I get the stock, I must assume Mr.

Layne brought it, because Joe Zilch didn't bring it. That's
a fair inference for the jury to draw.

MR. SORKIN: Your Honor, with respect to the trading account, it is impossible to tell which of the remaining 2,500 shares were picked up by Mr. Hellerman.

Actually -- and I will try to do it from the chart to try to indicate what Koss sold during this period, and what he bought -- considering only the ten days or, rather, the entire period from March 16th through April 18th as follows: I will take first the purchases by Koss and then the sales by Koss.

The purchases were, March 23rd, 300 bought from his own customer Friedman.

March 24th, 200 bought from his own customer Macher.

April 8th, 300 bought from his own customer Garson.

April 8th, 300 bought from his own customer

Braunstein.

April 8th, 300 bought from his own customer Howard.

And that's all. I haven't got a figure on that.

THE COURT: Wait. What about Gearhart?

MR. WEISSBERG: Oh, yes. April 13th, 1,000 bought from his own customer Gearhart.

Also, April 14th, 100 bought from his own customer Darcy.

April 14th, 200 bought from his own customer Daskalakis.

April 14th, 100 bought from his own customer Rostoker.

3

1

April 16th, 500 bought from J. Patel, who was not an original subscriber.

5

I don't read beyond the 16th, because the question is what did he have available for the 19th, because, even assuming these transactions on the 19th, which are special --

6

and I will talk about them -- he could not have had the stock

8

certificates until some time thereafter because it takes time to transfer a stock certificate.

9

10

So if you will just give me a minute to add that up here --

11

THE COURT: 3,300.

13

MR. WEISSBERG: That he bought.

14

THE COURT: Yes.

15

MR. WEISSBERG: There you have the situation.

16

17

Now I want to go backwards from this chart and then the prior one, as follows, as to what Koss sold in the same

18

ten-day period. Here, I have already indicated the sales

19

to Interstate Equities, Zardus' firm, amounted to 5,000, so

20 21

I am going to leave those out and consider only other sales.

22

On April 16th, Koss sold fifty shares to Fahnestock.
On April 16th, Koss's customer, Karkowski, sold 400 shares

23

On --

to Fahnestock.

25

24

THE COURT: I am sorry. Wasn't it that Koss sold

|

and not whether the customer sold?

MR. WEISSBERG: Yes. Perhaps I ought to consider only that, because it is perfectly obvious that sales to firms other than Interstate simply were not available for delivery -- for pick-up by Layne for the use of Hellerman.

THE COURT: My point is, you have already subtracted the 8,200 shares sold by subscribers in the after market. Now you are trying to establish what Koss sold in the after market.

MR. WEISSBERG: Yes. Thank you, your Honor.

I will confine myself only to what Koss himself sold in the after market. Retracing it, on April 16th, Koss sold fifty shares to Fahnestock.

On April 8th, Koss sold 500 shares to Rothchild.

That is all on this chart.

Oh, yes. I don't know why I missed that. On the same day, April 8th, Koss sold another 500 shares to Rothchild, which I think so far amounts to 1,050.

MR. SORKIN: That is the first one, Mr. Weissberg.

MR. WEISSBERG: It has got to be that.

MR. SORKIN: I am sorry.

MR. WEISSBERG: Here we see on April 5th, Koss sold 200 shares to Dixon Dolce, a broker. On April 7th -THE COURT: That's Interstate.

MR. WEISSBERG: That's out. That's all.

How much does that total?

THE COURT: 1,700.

MR. WEISSBERG: L,700.

Now, if I could have a minute to collect myself and do the arithmetic -- no: it's 1,250.

Mr. Koss, who is more familiar with the mathematics and faster -- perhaps he has a quicker brain than I -- he tells me that the net result is that his firm was long, meaning that they owned a net balance of 1,950.

Now, that's all they had, and if that's all they had, then how in the world could Layne go on Monday, April 19th, 1971, and pick up 5,000 shares, actual, physical stock certificates, from Koss' firm? I say to you it's impossible. It could not happen, and, therefore, I think it is a safe thing for you to reason and to make a finding that it did not happen and to draw the necessary consequences from that as to whether you can rely on what Hellerman said as to Mr. Koss' participation in this conspiracy.

Bear in mind also the words of Mr. Koss and the others about the terrific fight between nimself and Hellerman, not only once but on several occasions. What could this possibly be about? Well, he did tell us one version, but it was always the same thing: Koss is selling stock into the

3

4

1

market, as you see from all the other brokers that obtained stock from Koss, and Hellerman threatens to break his legs on one occasion.

5

SCREAMING Using Hellerman's words, "There's a raising fight."

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

And on another occasion, at the Carriage House. Why was that so? Is it because Koss was cooperating, as these conspirators say, or because he was not cooperating? And yet he was unwillingly in the same toat with them, because they had stock of Automated they wanted to push up. He had stock -- he couldn't get these fancy prices. He was selling it to the market at whatever price he could get. He couldn't get it from them, and he didn't get it even from Hellerman's agent, Sardus, because, bear in mind, coming back now to the 5,000 shares that were sold through Sardus, he said they would be sold at a dollar and a half a share, but look at what happened.

500 shares at 1-5/16ths. That's somewhere around \$1.30 a share. 200 shares at 1-5/16ths, again at \$1.30 a share. 300 shares at 1-5/16ths, again, \$1.30 a share. 1,000 shares at 1-5/16ths, again at \$1.30 a share.

I am not going to take the time -- or maybe I can if I look through here and just read it off to you. I see here 2,000 shares a \$1.50, and Joel Macher, 800 shares at 1-3/8ths. Then I see J. Sobel, 200 shares at \$1.50. Those

were the transactions with Interstate.

So I submit to you if this did not happen, then the relationship of Koss to this conspiracy was not as a co-conspirator but as someone who was being dragged along, and they were always fighting, because Koss was doing what they didn't want him to do, namely, selling his stock and getting out, because he wanted no part of them.

Now, an important thing comes along that has nothing to do with this part of it, but it is very important for you to know, that when the price of the stock dropped between June 22nd and June 24, 1971 -- Can I have that chart, please, the one with the steep drop -- On June 22, 1971, the price was either 5,-1/4 or 5-3/8ths for shares of Automated. It dropped the next trading day to around 4-3/8ths or 4-1/2; then it dropped to 3-7/8ths, and then this steep drop here, to one dollar a share, where it zigzagged up and back somewhere between one and one and a half a share until the last entry is October 29, 1971, where it is shown as "Value Zero".

We have introduced in evidence confirmations of purchases beginning with the day of that steep drop, after that day and continuing until September 22, 1971. The records show that during that time at the market prices shown on that chart, Koss bought 4,310 shares, and, as a result, as shown on the trading ledgers, Trading Ledger Number 2, which is the

2 comp

RGP 10

complete one, which is also in evidence, Koss had a net loss of \$1,205 on its entire trading account in shares of Automated.

Now, if Koss was a part of this conspiracy to any extent, if he knew that these crooks were rigging the price of this stock, I ask you, would he buy?

There are a great many other contradictions in the testimony which indicate that the testimony could not and cannot be relied upon.

One of the things I want to talk about is this check, which has the writing on there, that I think you will see -- you can take it into the jury room -- "Koss Securities Corp" is written on there.

Let me Read Hellerman's testimony on the subject, if you will just bear with me while I try to find it, beginning at page 202, line 24.

"It was a Friday night, and when this check had to be cashed -- with Murray Taylor and I wanted to cash this check and Lazarus was closed, we couldn't get the cash, and Mr. Koss' bank was open, and Mr. Taylor went with Mr. Koss t-his bank and got this check cashed."

We have stipulated, and the 1971 calendar shows, that Friday night, that a Friday night in April 1971 was Friday, April 14, 1971.

You simply add up from his trading ledger the transactions by his firm trading account buying and selling — they are not agency, he doesn't do it for a customer, he does it for his own interest — he buys and sells for his own account — you add up here the number of sales to his house account — Friedman, 300 shares; Macher, 200 shares; Gols, 500; Schweickare, 500, Garson, Brownstein, Howard, all of that — you add that up and you are going to find that when you add up the buyers Mr. Koss comes out with approximately 5250 shares on April 23rd.

I don't have time, but you add it up and you will see as of April 23rd, some five days after he returns from Plorida, and Mr. Hellerman sends Mr. Lavne down to pick up the stock, there's at least 5000 shares sitting in Mr. Ross' account.

THE COURT: Did he sell during that period?

13. SOPKIN: Yes, he sold during that period, and I am accounting to the buys. You subtract what he buys from what he sells, and you are going to come out with about 2750 shares.

I said over 5000, didn't I? Didn't I say over 5000? Well, there's 2750 shares, 2750 shares up to this date. You can add them up yourself. Add them up with the other chart. 2750.

Very simple. He does the flip. Saxon, Angona. He buys 1000 shares from Dugan and puts them in Saxon's account, but Saxon doesn't have an account there, it is "r. Foss' account. He just used the name.

And 'Ir. Angona, we don't know where this 1500 came from, but we know it is in Angona's account. He says he bought it from the house, but this is the house, and Angona didn't have an account there. These are two names Hellerman told him to use.

MR. WEISSBIRG: There is no evidence to that effect, your Honor.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, that is up to the jury.

TR. SORKIN: Angona and Saxon were the two names given to Mr. Koss by Michael Hellerman. I don't have time to go over the testimony, as I have done repeatedly here, but if you want to hear it ask for it.

That's 2500 shares. Add that 2500 reflected on the confirmations which he doesn't show hwere and you are going to come out with 2750, with 2500, so you will have in excess of 5000 shares sitting in his house account as of April 23, 1971.

Just a couple more points I want to show you ladies and gentlemen. These are the two columns, the blue

Kolbert.

MR. MITCHELL: You put them together in your summation. You created the impression that the money was passed over when you knew according to Kolbert's story it couldn't have happened.

MR. SORKIN: I don't know that. I am saying
Mr. Kolbert testified one way, and I say Mr. Kolbert, when he
testified it was after they returned from Las Vegas
is not accurate. I am not calling Mr. Kolbert a liar.
He is wrong. I believe Adlman.

Kolbert nade a mistake, that he thought it was afterwards, but the evidence is clear that Mr. Kolbert got \$1000, \$500 and another \$500, from Adlman, and Adlman got it from maylor, and that the payoffs took place before they went to Las Vegas. They were partners. They have been called partners in this.

THE COURT: I think it is up to the jury, Mr.

MP. MITCHELL: I wanted to make the point to protect the record.

MEISSBERG: I have an application, your Monor.

I move for a mistrial on the ground that 'r.

Sorbin has addressed to the jury, incorrectly stated to the jury, that the transaction on April 19, 1971, whereby 'Ir.

Angona bought 1500 shares from the Koss Securities

Corporation, thereby providing additional shares for the defendants to use, and thereby made available physical stock certificates for the defendant to give to 'Ir. Jayne to take back to Mr. Hellerman, I think that that is so clearly illogical --

THE COURT: It has always been the government's contention throughout the whole trial that the Angona-Saxon deal was part of the 5000.

The Weissberg: Yes, but that is not my point, however. My point is a simple one. That that transaction of Angona buying from the house did not put additional physical stock certificates in. Instead, if it had been completed by April 23rd it would have taken stock certificates out, so that that should not be considered.

said this, and indicated it during the trial. I don't know why you let those charts in in the first place, but you were anxious to have them come in. Hr. Sorkin is entitled to draw whatever inferences from those charts he wishes, just as you did.

MR. MEISSBERG: I say that is a clear error.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, I don't find it a clear error. You wanted the charts in, Mr. Weissberg. You didn't object to them.

MR. UNISSBERG: I did, your Honor, when I started to --

THE COURT: You did not. If I ever sent a message to a lawyer -- you wanted them in, and you admitted to me in the robing room that you wanted them in, so they are there.

(Adjourned to 2:15 p. m.)

#### U.S. COURT OF APPEALS: SECOND CIRCUIT

U.S.A.,

Appellee,

against

Indez No.

Affidavit of Personal Service

KOSS, et al,

Defendants-Appellants.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK

...

I. Victor Ortega,

being duly suom,

deposes and says that deponent is not a party to the action, is over 18 years of age and resides at

1027 Avenue St. John, Bronx, New York

day of

1974 at August

U.S. Courthouse, Foley Sq., New You

deponent served the annexed

pellanto appendit

upon

Paul J. Curran-U.S. Attorney Southern Dist, -Attny, for Respondent

in this action by delivering a true copy thereof to said individual personally. Deponent knew the person so served to be the person mentioned and described in said papers as the Attorney(s) herein.

Swom to before me, this 8th

day of

August

19 74

VICTOR ORTEGA

ROBERT T. BRIN

NOTAR" PUBLIC STATE OF NEW YORK NO. 31 - 6118950

QUALIFIED IN NEW YORK COUNTY COMMISSION EXPIRES MARCH 30, 1975 ck